



ONLY PAPER BETWEEN COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI RECEIVING THE ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON DAILY HERALD.

THE WEATHER—For Ohio, Fair and warmer tonight. Thursday unsettled and warmer, probably snow in extreme north

All The News
Without Color
All The Time

VOL. 29. NO. 11

WASHINGTON C. H., OHIO, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 14, 1914

Ten Cents a Week

JAPAN TAKING DEATH TOLL—SAKURA-JIMA SUBSIDING

CORNER LOT ASSESSMENTS AGAIN IN THE LIMELIGHT

Decision of Local Court Invalid as Result of Decision of Supreme Court on Manner of Assessing Corner Lots—Many Reassessing Ordinances May be Necessary in This City—Former Solicitor Rankin Sustained.

The Supreme Court of Ohio has put an end to the state-wide squabble over assessing corner lots, and his decision may result in demand for changes in certain assessments made in this city, in which the foot frontage on a main street was taken, and not the foot frontage on a side street adjacent to corner property.

In the decision of the Supreme Court, it is held that the assessment must be made from the foot frontage of that part of the lot touching the street to be improved, and that the frontage on a main street has nothing to do with figuring the cost of an improvement touching the property on the side.

In making the decision the courts reversed the Mahoning County courts upsetting the Haviland case, on which corner lot assessments have been made for years, and decided as above stated.

The practice has been to assess the cost of paving, or improving in any manner where an assessment was levied, the main street foot frontage, regardless of the fact that the improvement was on the side street. As a result of the decision handed down, a corner lot may be assessed by the front foot on both streets if both streets are improved under the assessment plan.

In this city considerable difficulty resulted over the plan of assessing the corner lots by the number of feet actually fronting on the improvement, but action was brought to compel the assessment being levied on the number of feet fronting on the main street, holding that it was the "front" of the lot and that that part of the lot abutting on the smaller street, was the "side."

Solicitor Rankin maintained that the assessment should be made on the actual number of feet fronting on the improvement, but when a decision was handed down holding that the assessment must be made on the number of front feet on the main street, it was necessary to re-pass a number of assessing ordinances, completely changing the assessments to conform with the opinion handed down.

Whether or not the matter will again be taken up for a readjustment of the assessments, is not known, but owing to the small amounts involved, it is possible that the affair will rest as it is.

The alley improvements, in which the assessments were made under the decision which has just been held invalid, were figured on the street-frontage on corner lots, and if complaint is made, reassessing ordinances will probably be necessary.

"BRER"

By Associated Press.
New York City, January 14.—From 5 degrees below zero at 5 a. m. the lowest temperature recorded here in 15 years, the mercury climbed back slowly in New York and vicinity today reaching 6 above at 11 o'clock. The death list in the city due to cold was seven.

Albany, N. Y., January 14.—Cold weather records for the winter were broken here today when the mercury sank to 16 below. Northville reported 40 below at sunrise.

W. O. HEFFERNAN

Cleveland Man Is Head of the New Ohio Budget Commission.



COUNT ITO IS DEAD

By Associated Press.

Tokio, Japan, January 14.—Count Yukio Ito, fleet admiral of the Japanese navy, died today in his 71st year. Count Ito had more to do with the development of the Japanese navy than any other one man. He entered the service in 1868 and studied for a considerable time in the United States. In the war between China and Japan in 1894, he took a very prominent part, commanding the combined squadrons of the Japanese fleet.

BLACK JACK TO FIGHT AGAIN

By Associated Press.

Paris, France, January 14.—Jack Johnson, colored heavyweight pugilist and Frank Moran, Pittsburgh heavyweight, today signed articles for a 20-round boxing bout for the championship of the world, to be fought on or before the Paris Grand Prix race, during the first or second week of June this year.

Johnson was handed a check for \$35,000 by Charles McCarthy, representing a group of American sporting men, while Moran was guaranteed \$500. The fight is to take place in Paris. Johnson agreed not to fight anybody else before meeting Moran and if the colored pugilist fails to fight at the time agreed upon he is to forfeit the \$35,000 except the sum of \$5000 for his training expenses.

RAUS MIT 'EM

By Associated Press.

Sophia, Bulgaria, January 14.—The Bulgarian Parliament was dissolved today by Premier Dr. Vidoslavl, because it refused to pass a provisional appropriation bill. A new Chamber must be elected within two months according to the constitution.

THE WORK OF BUDGET MAKING DONE

Nearly One Million Dollars Will be Saved to People of State if Legislature Follows Recommendations of Heffernan.

THE APPROPRIATION BILL IS NEATLY PARED DOWN.

By Associated Press.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 14.—If the budget bill recommended by W. W. Heffernan, Budget Commissioner, reported today to Governor Cox, is passed by the special session of the legislature as a substitute for the 1914 appropriation bill, passed by the last General Assembly, the state will save \$978,303.22 this year.

The appropriation bill already passed carries \$9,511,688. Mr. Heffernan says \$8,532,384.78 will suffice. Heffernan says he aimed to get the actual needs of the state departments. Bad methods, wasteful practices and miserable inefficiency has been practiced by the departments.

The state library is "entirely inefficient and as conducted at present wasteful of public funds and almost useless considered as a public library," the report says.

He recommends that all valuable books be taken to Ohio State University Library. He also says that the House and Senate during the past year has spent money "without regard for efficiency or economy." Attorney General Hogan asked for \$152,505.08 for his department. This is out of proportion to the increased activity of the department. He recommends: Establishment of a "Help-your-state" complaint and suggestion bureau among state officials and employees; time records in all departments and a uniform working day of eight hours; holding monthly meetings with all departments to secure team work; standardizing salaries; single purchasing agent for the state and a central distributing warehouse and a perpetual inventory system. Heffernan gets a salary of \$3,000.00.

WILSON CONFERS WITH LEADERS

By Associated Press.

Washington, D. C., January 14.—President Wilson conferred today with congressional leaders on trust legislation. He talked in the forenoon with Chairman Newlands and Democrats of the Senate Interstate Commerce Commission and reserved the late afternoon for a second conference with Chairman Clayton and Democrats of the House Judiciary committee.

THOUSANDS SUFFER WHEN HOMES BURN

By Associated Press.

New York, January 14.—Four fires in rapid succession in widely separated parts of the city caused intense suffering to nearly a thousand tenants this morning while the temperature hovered around zero. One blaze in a Bowery lodging house drove 130 shivering men from that structure, 400 from a lodging house adjoining and 25 families from the tenements nearby.

SENATOR KENYON

Iowan Talks to Ohio Farmers On Control of Hog Cholera.



Photo by American Press Association.

REBELS DEMAND GENERAL RETURN

By Associated Press.

Mexico City, Mexico, January 14.—A formal request for the return to Mexico of General Salvadore Mercado who commanded the Federal troops at Ojinaga together with his comrades who crossed into American territory is to be made to the U. S. government by General Blanquet, Mexican Minister of War, according to announcements made by him today.

MODEST REQUEST

By Associated Press.

Columbus, Ohio, January 14.—The position of State Mine Inspector should be taken out of politics, according to President John Moore of the Ohio Miners' organization, who made an address before the state convention of miners here today. The inspector should be elected by the miners and operators, according to Moore. The convention did not take any action on his suggestion. Vice-President Hayes of the National organization, addressed the convention today, as did State Senator Green and Tom L. Lewis, former president of the national organization of miners.

PASCUAL OROZCO

Federal General Who Will Be Shot If Captured by Villa.



Photo by American Press Association.
General Villa's victories at Juarez and Ojinaga and the surrender of Chihuahua are the worst blows received by Dictator Huerta. Pascual Orozco, Jose Salazar and Antonio Rojas, the federal volunteer generals most wanted by Villa, made their escape after the fall of Ojinaga.

FOG LIFTS RESCUERS SEE SHIP

Instruments Continue to Pick Up Faint Calls for Assistance, and Finally Able to Locate Royal Mail Steamer, Slowly Pounding to Pieces on Rocky Ledges.

Indications Are That Vessel is Still Afloat but Disabled in the Bay of Fundy—Wreckage Washed Ashore.

By Associated Press.

Yarmouth, January 14.—The Royal Mail Packet Company, Steamer Cobequid was sighted aground on Trinity Ledges near here when the fog lifted today. The greater part of the steamer's hull is above water and it is believed that those on board are safe.

St. John, N. F., January 14.—The faint purr of an "S. O. S." call from the missing steamer Cobequid, was picked up at several points in the Bay of Fundy at 10 o'clock this morning and revived hope for the safety of the vessel and the 120 people on board. The wireless was not sufficiently strong or continuous to give the location of the vessel, but indicated she had survived a tempestuous night and that there was still a chance for her passengers and crew. The Canadian Northwest liner, Royal George, caught the cry of distress three times and heard the steamer Lady Laurier replying asking for the location of the Cobequid, but no response to the inquiry could be heard. It is still believed that the Cobequid struck one of the Grand Manan ledges and that Captain Howson mistook the point for Briar Island when he first called for assistance at daylight yesterday. During the forenoon wreckage began to come ashore on the Yarmouth side of the Bay of Fundy. It was apparently from a steamer and made plain that part of her upper works had been swept away. Hope for the vessel rests chiefly on the efforts of the U. S. Revenue Cutter Woodbury and the Canadian steamer Lady Laurier.

St. Johns, N. B., Jan. 14.—The steamer Cobequid was above water at 10 o'clock this morning, according to a message received by the agents here. A telephone message from the Canadian-Northern Steamer Royal George, in port here, announced that the Royal George had just caught an "S. O. S." call from the Cobequid. Efforts to ascertain the stranded steamer's position failed as there was no response to the Royal George's queries.

TURKISH INTRIGUE IS CAUSE OF DEATH

By Associated Press.

Paris, France, Jan. 14.—A double tragedy connected with Turkish political intrigue was enacted at the Paris residence of Gen. Mehmet Pasha one of the chiefs of the radical Turkish party. A strange Turk called to see the Ottoman politician and was refused admission by the valet, Ismael Hakki, whom he immediately shot. Pasha's son-in-law, Salih Bay shot and killed the assassin.

PATROL OF TROOPS

In Stricken Districts Stops Work of the Looters—Many Islands Strewed With Dead.

FOREST FIRES RAGING

Flowery Kingdom is Transformed Into Charnel House—Destruction and Death Extends Over Wide Area.

By Associated Press.

Tokio, Japan, January 14.—Official reports tonight from southern Japan brought out the following general features:

The small island of Sakura is covered with a layer of lava and ashes, in places several feet deep. Beneath this lie many corpses whose number will probably never be known. Any estimate of the dead must include a large number of refugees who were drowned while trying to swim from Sakura to Kagoshima. Kagoshima, last week a prosperous town of 60,000, is in ruins. Even stone buildings collapsed under the weight of the ashes. The eruption of Sakura-Jima is gradually subsiding.

Tokio, Japan, Jan. 14.—Official reports today from southern Japan where volcanic eruptions and earthquakes have caused heavy loss of life, panic and great property damage, are that the eruption of the volcano Sakura-Jima, which has caused the most devastation, is abating.

Just how heavy has been the loss of life cannot yet be estimated. Sakura, where the greatest loss of life probably occurred, cannot be visited because the eruption of Sakura-Jima continues. Kagoshima, the nearest big city to Sakura, while it suffered great damage, does not appear to have sustained a severe loss of life. Kagoshima is protected from looters by patrol of troops.

All Americans who were in the vicinity are safe. Several American missionaries were stationed at Kagoshima. The people at first did not seem to realize their danger and were slow in trying to escape. It is feared that many were killed before reaching the seashore.

Thousands pursued by a rain of fire stones knelt on the beach half submerged in water and gesticulated wildly to steamers and fishing boats for aid. One small steamer saved 300 persons.

15,000 DEAD ARE THE TOTALS GIVEN PUBLIC

Tokyo, Jan. 14.—Latest advices say the city of Kagoshima, with 64,000 inhabitants, was totally destroyed by the flood of fire from the Sakura-shima volcano, which burst into activity on Jan. 11.

Three villages on the island of Sakurashima were blotted out by the molten lava which poured from the crater.

Fifteen thousand people are believed to be dead in the greatest volcanic disaster since the destruction of St. Pierre by the eruption of Mount Pelee. While the fact that millions of people were suffering the agonies of hunger and thousands were dying of starvation had been regarded here with comparative indifference, the people were galvanized into excitement by the disaster in the south, which, because of its spectacular character, awakened the imagination.

The whole volcanic range of Kishu burst into dangerous activity with startling suddenness after having been quiescent for more than a century. Kagoshima was obliterated exactly as ancient Pompeii was engulfed by the lava pouring from Vesuvius.

(Continued on Page Eight.)

STIRRING SERMONS AND SPLENDID SONG SERVICES

Mark Third Night of Simultaneous Evangelistic Campaign in Various Churches, and Advance Lines of Campaign are Being Pushed Into New Quarters Each Day, With Noon-day Services in Picture Theater Latest Innovation Announced.

(By Hugh C. Weir.)

A noon day prayer service for business men will be the daily feature inaugurated, Friday by the Simultaneous Evangelistic Campaign. The Palace Moving Picture theater has been donated for the meetings, which will start each day at twelve o'clock. It is planned to arrange a song and prayer service of half an hour's duration, the meetings to be in charge of forceful leaders.

Last night's services showed a perceptible increase in the attendance recorded Monday evening. At the present rate of increase, accommodations for the crowds promises to be a real problem in the near future.

Rev. H. C. Bobbit was the speaker at the Christian church last night. In the course of his sermon, he put an unique question to his audience.

"If you had only one more hour to live, how would you spend it?"

As you saw the sands of life slipping away, and knew that each tick of the clock brought eternity nearer, would you feel a confident assurance in the prospect of meeting your God? Would you be prepared?

"This is not a question for only a few. It is not a question for the other fellow to answer. It is a question which no one can escape, however rich, however powerful, however favored with this world's goods and position. If you have not thought about this situation, which is just as inevitable as the daily rising and sinking of the sun, now is the time to do so. Perhaps tomorrow will be too late. No man can be assured of even an hour's continuance of life. Eternity may stretch just around the corner. When you close your eyes tonight, you may never open them again in this world. Are you prepared if tomorrow should bring you face to face with your God?"

Mr. Bobbit has been known in this city before this campaign as a gospel singer of unusual talents. This campaign has stamped him also as a preacher of unusual talents. It was announced that Mr. Hostetler would preach at the Christian church last night, but he was prevented from doing so by a temporary indisposition. Mr. Bobbit stepped into the breach with all the magnetism of his two hundred plus pounds of smiles, and the audience, which filled the church to the doors, was thrilled by a remarkable appeal.

For his subject, he took the theme, "Girded for the Battle of Life," tracing particularly the influence of an-

cestry, history, and race on life. "God has girded us for the battle of life by a variety of very definite influences," said Mr. Bobbit. "These are purely physical in their character. More than those, however, he has given us the bulwark of a Christian civilization, and His own spiritual protection that is always with us. It remains with us what use we are to make of these bulwarks in the service of the Kingdom".

There were two special features in the musical service. One was an appealing vocal solo by Mrs. O. G. Blackwell. The other was the presence of Mr. Charles Johnson, with his cornet. Mr. Johnson is doing splendid work in a musical direction in the campaign, and is making an effort to attend each of the various churches in turn. It is this spirit among the business men of the city that is the most hopeful sign of the success of the crusade.

AT THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Dr. Charles Shaw, of Jamestown, N. Y., repeated his stirring message of Monday evening at last night's service at the Presbyterian church before an audience that showed a decided increase over the attendance of the previous evening. Dr. Shaw is proving himself a drawing power of unusual force. His sermon last night had as its subject, "The Divine Expostulation". In part, he said: "Ours is a jealous God. He is jealous of anything that may come between His people and Himself. He gives himself to us unreservedly, and asks that we do the same in our relations to Him."

"There is a reason for this. God's promise to Abram that his seed should be blessed in return for his service contemplated the universal, spiritual seed of Abram as well. There are two ways in which God's people may show their blessings, first by spreading the knowledge of Christ, and second by living the life of Christ."

"This obligation involves constant service. We know that if service springs from love, it leads to love. If the service of the Kingdom is loving, true-hearted service, we will be pleased of God in exactly the same measure."

"Our Christian obligations mean also sacrifice. If our religion does not cost us a tear, or a struggle, we are not treading the way of the Master. When we are ready to sacrifice ourselves from the world, and consecrate our service truly to the Master, then may we expect His richest blessings."

A choir of one hundred voices made the musical service of unusual interest. Mr. Bowman, the director, is untiring in his work. Dr. Stitt added a violin solo to the program of the evening.

Following Dr. Shaw's appeal the large majority of the congregation pledged themselves to a new life of service. At a second invitation, a large number who either were not church members or had fallen away from their church pledges, arose. The spirit of the meeting was remarkable.

AT GRACE M. E. CHURCH.

Rev. F. E. Ross delivered one of his characteristically direct and practical appeals to an audience that filled the auditorium and the forward section of the gallery, on the subject, "Dying Daily". He said: "Death is but an incident in life. The moment we are born we begin to die. Of our bodies it may be said that we are dying daily. Likewise in our social life. Only in the degree that a man dies to sin can he live to the highest and the best ideals. Our bodies are a living sacrifice to God. We are crucified with Christ. And by crucifixion, according to the meaning of Paul, is nothing less than death. We are to reckon ourselves dead unto sin and alive unto God. The merit of the Master's death was its voluntary character."

"Our physical death is also a continual process. Nothing is more essential in the life of the church member than the daily dying of self, the daily sacrifice of self to the cause of the Kingdom. And he that findeth his life shall lose it, and he that loseth his life for My sake shall find it."

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas, who are al-

ready endearing themselves to Washington by their faith and enthusiasm, made the song service a stirring success.

AT THE BAPTIST CHURCH.

At the Baptist church, before an audience that made the Old Guard sit up and rub its eyes, Rev. Henry Brandt spoke on the subject, "The Things That Are For Us Are More Than the Things That Are Against Us". He said: "Much of the Christian life is a battle between the powers of light and the powers of darkness. Against us is a personal Satan, with his tremendous forces. Against us are all of the great material forces of an age that is disposed to belittle the old Gospel. Against us is the spirit of our old lives of sin, constantly trying to regain their ascendancy."

"For us, on the other hand, are forces essentially greater. There is first God our refuge and strength. Second, the Holy Spirit, promised to all those who obey. Third, the church. Fourth, our own redeemed spirit. And fifth, the encouragement of Christian fellowship."

Miss Sheen gave to the song service a soul-stirring quality.

WOOD ON DEFENSES

Washington, Jan. 14.—The United States army, reinforced with the entire militia forces of the states, has neither the officers, men, field guns nor artillery ammunition which would be required in the first few weeks of a war with any first-class power. These facts are set forth in the annual report of Major General Wood, chief of staff. Major General Wood holds that the necessity for providing a reserve of trained men available for duty with the United States forces in the event of war is the most critical and urgent problem confronting the government. Next in importance he places the urgent need for more field artillery. There is hardly enough artillery ammunition in the United States to supply the existing batteries with enough shells for one big engagement, he says.

General Wood recommends the creation of sufficient additional regiments to permit the organization of three complete infantry divisions in the United States, or one field army.

ORVILLE WRIGHT WINS BATTLE

New York, Jan. 14.—The Wright company of Dayton, O., headed by Orville Wright, won a legal fight of five years, involving \$15,000,000, when the federal circuit court of appeals upheld the decision of Judge Hazel of the district court of Buffalo, in favor of Wright patents on aeroplanes. The suits were decided against the Herring-Curtiss company.

CURLEY ELECTED

Boston, Jan. 14.—Congressman James M. Curley was chosen mayor over Thomas J. Kenny, president of the city council. Of a total of 80,000 votes polled on the coldest day of the winter, the victorious candidate received 43,262 and President Kenny had 37,542, a Curley plurality of 5,270 votes. Both are Democrats.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Special convention of Confidence Lodge No. 265, Wednesday, January 14, at 6:30 p. m. Installation of officers.

H. E. PRICE, C. C.

H. M. KINGSBURY, K. R. & S.

GENERAL STRIKE ON IN AFRICA

Men of All Trades In Sympathy With the Railroaders.

Pretoria, Jan. 14.—The call for a general strike throughout the Union of South Africa was issued to all workers. All miners and other organized workers were ordered to lay down their tools in sympathy with the railroaders who are on strike as a protest against the roads' policy of retrenchment.

Martial law was declared throughout the entire union. The members of the cabinet are accompanied by guards of armed burghers when they go out of their homes. One hundred thousand men are under arms in the citizens' corps, organized to defend property if the strikers make the expected attack.

Defense Minister Smuts, in an address to the committee of public safety, issued a warning to the strikers to the effect that if they attack property the burghers will shoot to kill.

The dock workers at Cape Town and at Durban, Natal, have joined the strike. Hundreds of trainmen and mechanics laid down their tools today.

BANKERS TO BE HEARD

Washington, Jan. 14.—Revised plans for the western trip of the reserve bank organization committee were made public. The time to be consumed on the trip has been cut four days by careful pruning of the allotments previously given several cities. Hearings will be held in Cleveland Feb. 17 and Cincinnati Feb. 16. Columbus bankers will be heard at Cincinnati and Toledo bankers at Cleveland.

FATAL WRECK

Painesville, O., Jan. 14.—M. E. Crouch of Bellevue, a Nickel Plate railroad brakeman, was killed when two freight trains collided in a side-wipe at Madison, O. The engine and five cars of the westbound train were piled up in the ditch.

M'LEAN STICKS

New York, Jan. 14.—Larry McLean, the Glants' catcher, who distinguished himself in the world's series last fall, signed a 1914 contract with President Hempstead of the Glants and announced that he was happy.

IMPERIAL REBEKAH LODGE.

Regular meeting of Imperial Rebekah Lodge No. 717, at I. O. O. F. hall, Thursday evening, January 15 at 7:30.

LULU LARRIMER, Secy.

Try Mrs. Austin's Bag Pancake, sure to please you, all grocers.

Deafness can be prevented by wagging the ears, says a French physician. It has been known for a long time that dumbness can be cured by wagging the tongue.

See our fine line of Aluminum ware. Junk & Willett.

Boost Washington—Buy At Home

THEY COME HIGH!



LUNGS SORE. CHEST FEELS STUFFY. COUGH DRY AND DEEP. CAUGHT A SEVERE COLD

These Symptoms Call for Dr. King's New Discovery, With a Record of Cures for Over 43 Years Back of It.

Dr. King's New Discovery is not a cure all. It is prepared to treat and relieve every kind of cough and cold of infants, children, adults and aged. It was originated during a severe cough epidemic 43 years ago, was an immediate success and is probably the most used cough and cold prescription in the world. Your money refunded if Dr. King's New Discovery does not relieve you.

Don't put off getting relief. Buy a bottle from your druggist today.

Blackmer & Tanquary.

"It cured me of a dreadful cough," writes Mrs. J. F. Davis, Stickney Corner, Me., "after doctor's treatment and all other remedies had failed." Excellent for coughs, colds or any bronchial affection.

Mrs. A. F. Mertz, of Glen Ellyn, Ia., writes: "I had a hard, stubborn cough that I had doctored for over six weeks without my getting any better. Our druggist finally recommended Dr. King's New Discovery and my husband bought a dollar bottle. After using two-thirds of it my trouble eased down, and it was not long till I was completely cured. Dr. King's New Discovery surely deserves all the praise it gets." Sold by

LITTLE STORIES ABOUT OHIO

By CHARLES E. CHIDESTER

THE FIRST HUNGER STRIKE OF WOMEN IN OHIO

Women went on a hunger strike in what is now the state of Ohio, in 1764—almost 150 years before Mrs. Emmaline Pankhurst, the English militant suffragette adopted the method of escaping prison.

In 1764, Col. Henry Boquet, a native of Switzerland, a veteran of many European battles, and finally a lieutenant-colonel of the Royal American regiment of the British army, led an expedition of 1,500 strong from Philadelphia and Fort Pitt, the latter now Pittsburgh, against the "First Great Confederacy" of the most powerful Indian tribes then operating in Ohio for the purpose of aweing them into submission and recovering white captives, taken by the savages, following a series of raids of the settlements of Western Pennsylvania and Ohio.

Col. Boquet led his hosts with a vast supply of beef and mutton on the hoof overland from Fort Pitt, a distance of 100 miles, by a road hewn as he went through the wilderness. After halting at what is now Bolivar, and forming a pageant for the benefit of the chiefs assembled,

ed, he proceeded down the Tuscarawas river to the forks of the Muskingum, where he established a more permanent camp. There, thoroughly awed, the chiefs signed a treaty of peace and delivered up the captives. Then followed the reunion of husbands and wives, fathers and sons, children and adults.

But in attempting to deliver up their prisoners, the Indians struck a snag. Some of them refused to go back. They had heard the call of the wild. Life in the wilderness was fascinating, the treatment universally kind. The Shawanese were driven to the necessity of binding several and forcing them to return.

When Col. Boquet had gathered in 206 captives and taken hostages for the safe return of the remainder, he started back to Fort Pitt. Then the hunger strike was declared. Some of the women, who had formed a strong attachment for the Indians, refused to go. Forced to march, they attempted to escape. Some succeeded. Those who failed refused to work and at last refused food. Then and there was recorded the first hunger strike of women in the present state of Ohio if not the United States.

Col. Boquet reached Fort Pitt in safety.

M. W. OF A. SUPPER.

Camp 4242, M. W. of A., will hold a basket supper Thursday, January 15th at Red Men's hall. All Woodmen and families are invited to attend. Good music and a good time for all who come. Supper at seven o'clock p. m. By order of committee.

10 2t

F. & A. M. NOTICE.

Fayette Lodge No. 107, F. & A. M. Stated communication Wednesday evening at 7:30 at Masonic Temple. Brethren of all regularly constituted lodges invited.

ERNEST ELLIS, W. M.
JOHN McFADDEN, Secy.

SNEFFELS, COL. A. J. Walsh

was badly done up with rheumatism and sent for Foley Kidney Pills which was the only thing that would cure him. Geo. Potter of Pontiac, Mo., was down on his back with kidney and bladder trouble and Foley Kidney Pills made him well and able to work. It is a splendid medicine and always helps. Just try it. Blackmer & Tanquary. Advt.

We Give Special Attention To Developing and Printing.

DELBERT C. HAYS.

THE Photographer In This Town

Maximum Hot Water Bottles

Are guaranteed 2 years—Universal Guarantee

A printed guarantee in every box, that gives you a two years' privilege of return or exchange, at any Rexall Store. No matter where you bought it. A hot water bottle that bears the Maximum trade mark—though bought in Los Angeles, may be redeemed in Washington C. H.; or if bought in Pensacola, may be redeemed in Dublin, Ireland. No guarantee like this, good everywhere, has ever before been offered on rubber goods. You can buy Maximum Rubber goods only at

Blackmer & Tanquary Druggists THE REXALL STORE

WHEN I HAD CROUP MAMMA USED



AND IT CURED ME.

I have used Gowan's Preparation extensively in Pneumonia cases, both children and adults, and have found it entirely satisfactory. As an external dressing, I find it the best thing I have ever used.

R. E. YELLOTT, M. D.
St. Stephens, S. C.

All Druggists Sell Gowan's

3 SIZES, 25c, 50c AND \$1.00

GOWAN MEDICAL CO.

CONCORD, N. C.

50 Butter Krust Labels 50

AND 50c ENTITLES YOU TO A
GOCYCLE AFTER JANUARY 15

Bauer's Bakery

Change of Sentiment

The immense popularity of the charming Irish play "Peg O' My Heart" this season goes far to prove that the clean play, with a real heart interest is after all the play dearest to the hearts of the American people.

Not only is the original cast playing to crowded houses in New York; other excellent companies in the same play are receiving no less patronage in the cities of the Middle West and West.

A year or two ago the captivating Scottish play "When Bunt Pulls the Strings" was no less the idol of the hour, and these two plays stand out distinctively as among the cleanest dramas of the past decade. They are entirely dependent upon their real human interest, upon the course of true love and the introduction of genuine humor for their success. They are nothing but sweet, beautiful little plays, peopled by real folks in real situations, but absolutely devoid of anything bordering on the sensational.

The wonderful success of "Peg O' My Heart" in comparison with the very mediocre attendance and interest in "The Lure," as one followed the other in a nearby city, is taken by critics as one example which indicates that the public is turning from the sensational drama, with its indecent suggestions, to the more wholesome and moral play.

Theatrical managers aim to give the people what they want.

If those plays which lack in refinement and decency cease to attract, it is perfectly safe to say that the attitude of theater patrons will be backed up by the managers of the theaters.

Patrons of the theaters will always be largely responsible for the class of plays which are the vogue and the indications of a change in public opinion, veering from the class of doubtful plays which have been so frequently in the limelight, to plays of the character of "Peg O' My Heart" will be most welcome.

Royalty Pinched

Think of it, the "high cost of living" is even pinching Royalty.

According to newspaper reports the Kaiser and Federal Princes of the German Empire are clamoring for more income.

The Kaiser receives \$5,000,000 as King of Prussia and \$1,000,000 as German Emperor, but of course, this is not enough to keep things going, for one of the most splendid courts of Europe.

The Kings of Bavaria and Saxony and Wurtenburg contemplate asking for an increase in the civil list. It was recently revealed that the King of Bavaria paid \$10,000 yearly for the upkeep of the royal pharmacy alone.

Of course, all such little incidentals are laid to the door of the "high cost of living."

Girls of Today Left Too Much to Themselves

By Mrs. HARRIOT STANTON BLATCH, President of the Woman's Political Union

THERE is no question that a new type of girl has been evolved in this country these last few years.

One great thing that has made for her development is that ARTIFICIAL CHECKS HAVE BEEN TAKEN OFF HER. I think an illustration of my idea in this respect is a remark I heard a friend make about a young English girl who had come awkwardly into a room where there were a lot of people. After she had gone out he said: "When she is twenty-one she is going to know how to enter a room. Now, will she acquire that knowledge by suppression or by freedom?" I think the English girl is under too great suppression, while the American girl has liberty of action.

Athletics are having an influence upon the American girl and on the greater opportunities for education which all classes of girls in this country enjoy. The girl of today is NOT BEING TAUGHT THAT SHE IS AN INFERIOR BEING. She is being taught to use her mind and her body to the very best advantage.

The typical American girl of the day as I see her physically is much more lithe and slender than the girls of other nationalities. I should say her COLORING IS NOT ALL I WOULD LIKE TO SEE IT. It is not so rosy as that of the English girl. Perhaps climate is partly to blame, but not altogether.

I THINK THE TENDENCY IN THIS COUNTRY IS TO OVER-STRAIN YOUNG PEOPLE. I BELIEVE THAT WITH LIBERTY THERE HAS NOT COME QUITE A BALANCE OF KNOWLEDGE AND THAT BOYS AND GIRLS ARE LEFT TOO MUCH TO THEMSELVES AND DON'T QUITE KNOW HOW TO TAKE CARE OF THEMSELVES.

Poetry For Today

TOMORROWS AND TOMORROWS

Tomorrows and tomorrows stretch a
GRAY
Unbroken line of shore; but as the
sea
Will fret and gnaw the land and
stealthily
Devour it grain by grain so day by
day
Time's restless waters lap the sands
away
Until the shrinking isle of life where
we
Had pitched our tent wholly engulf-
ed shall be
And swept far out into eternity.
Some morn, some noon, some night—
we may not say
Just how, or when or where! And
then—what then?
Oh, cry unanswered still by mortal
ken!
This only may we know—how far
and wide
That precious dust be carried by the
tide,
No mote is lost, but every grain of
sand
Close-gathered in our Father's loving
hand,
And made to build again—somehow,
somewhere—
Another Isle of Life, divinely fair!
—Gertrude Bloede.

Weather Report

Washington, D. C., January 14.—
Ohio and Western Pennsylvania—
Fair and not so cold Wednesday;
Thursday fair and warmer; winds be-
coming southeast to south and brisk.
Illinois—Fair and warmer Wed-
nesday; Thursday fair, warmer in
south; moderate to brisk south winds
Virginia—Fair and slightly warm-
er Wednesday; Thursday fair and
warmer; moderate, variable winds
becoming south.
Tennessee—Fair and warmer Wed-
nesday; Thursday fair.
West Virginia—Fair and not so
cold Wednesday; Thursday fair and
warmer.
Indiana—Fair and warmer Wed-
nesday and Thursday.

WEATHER OBSERVATIONS.

| Observations of the United States weather bureau taken at 7 p. m. Tuesday: | | |
|--|-------|----------|
| | Temp. | Weather. |
| Boston | 8 | Clear |
| New York | 3 | Clear |
| Buffalo | 6 | Clear |
| Washington | 16 | Clear |
| Columbus | 19 | Clear |
| Chicago | 26 | Clear |
| St. Louis | 34 | Clear |
| St. Paul | 20 | Clear |
| Los Angeles | 60 | Clear |
| New Orleans | 50 | Cloudy |
| Tampa | 58 | Clear |
| Seattle | 44 | Rain |
| *—Below zero. | | |

Weather Forecast.

Washington, Jan. 14.—Indica-
tions for tomorrow:
Ohio—Fair and warmer; brisk
winds.

THREW CHILDREN INTO THE SNOW

Cleveland, O., Jan. 14.—When her residence caught fire, Mrs. Mary Schnellinger threw Margaret, 3, and Charles, 5, her two children, from the up stairs window. Then she tried to run down stairs herself, but was overcome and carried into a neighbor's house. She cried for some one to save the children, and Manuel Schwartz, thinking they were in the house, went in after them. He was overcome and taken out by firemen. The children were rescued from the snow later. They were almost frozen to death.

\$1400 IN POCKETS

Wooster, O., Jan. 14.—John Calvin Green, 70, a stonecutter, fell dead in a blacksmith shop here. When his pockets were searched a bill fold containing \$1,400 was found. Green came here five years ago. It is said he has a needy wife and children somewhere in the east.

Boost Washington—Buy at home

ALL STOPPED UP?

Think what is stopping it! Think of the germs and diseased tissues which poison every breath!
Here is the big point in the treatment by Kondon's Catarrhal Jelly. It purifies the air as it enters the nose, throat and mouth. Its action is simple, soothing and scientific. No harmful drugs. Guaranteed right and we prove it by a big free sample. 25c and 50c tubes—all druggists or direct.
Kondon Mfg. Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

KONDON'S
Catarrhal Jelly

OHIO FARMERS MEET AT CAPITAL

Fight Against Hog Cholera One of the Main Topics.

Columbus, O., Jan. 14.—Several thousand farmers are in attendance upon the state agricultural congress, which met in the Chamber of Commerce today. The Ohio Fair Boys, comprising men active in fair work throughout the state, Swine Breeders' association, Short Horn Breeders' association, Good Roads Federation, State Veterinarians' association, Ohio State Foresters' association, probate judges, stone road construction men and several subsidiary organizations arranged separate meetings. All will participate in the general meetings at the Chamber of Commerce today and tomorrow.

From sentiment expressed at meetings of the various associations, it was plain a demand would be made, too, that a goodly part of the appropriations which the legislature will be asked to make for the Panama-Pacific exposition be spent to encourage an exhibit of Ohio live stock. The breeders are especially behind this move.

With United States Senators Atlee Pomerene of Ohio and W. S. Kenyon of Iowa here this afternoon to express their ideas on what the federal government should do to control hog cholera, that issue is touted as one of the liveliest of the sessions. President Sandles of the Ohio agricultural commission is especially interested in this question. He declares the middle west suffers an annual loss of \$50,000,000 from this disease and that the only way to combat it is by action of the federal government in the states affected.

S. E. Strode, member of the commission, is slated to take a rap at egg boycotts.

MINERS SIZE IT UP

Columbus, O., Jan. 14.—Official opposition to several features of the report made by the mining commission is expected to develop in the convention of the United Mine Workers of District No. 6, which opened here. The operators recently declared the laws based on the report would be ruinous to them.

Although the straight run-of-mine proposal and desire for conservation meet with general approval from the 200 or more miner delegates attending the convention here, the theory is advanced that these details should be settled by conferences between miners and operators in the individual localities. That a statewide regulatory measure is impractical, was held by officers of the association.

RESIGNS DIRECTORATES

New York, Jan. 14.—George F. Baker, chairman of the board of the First National bank, retired as a director of the Chase National bank. This was the one change of outstanding importance in the directorates of the national banks of New York at the annual meetings of their stockholders. Mr. Baker was succeeded on the board of the Chase National bank by John Mitchell, president of the Illinois Trust and Savings bank of Chicago, who resigned from the board of the First National bank. Theodore N. Vail, president of the American Telephone and Telegraph company, succeeded Mr. Mitchell on the board of the First National.

LICENSE ACT UPHELD

Columbus, O., Jan. 14.—In refusing an injunction against the Lucas county liquor license commissioners, sought by Joseph Meyer, a former saloonist, the supreme court upheld the right of county boards to use their own discretion in deciding which applicants should be given licenses, and which applicants refused them. At the same time the court gave the first decision on the question of the law's constitutionality in favor of the state.

JEROME TAKES HAND

Concord, N. H., Jan. 14.—William T. Jerome has applied to Judge Aldrich to defer the hearing, which would have been held the latter part of this week, on the question of admitting Harry K. Thaw to bail, until after the middle of next week. Mr. Jerome states he can not possibly come to New Hampshire until this later date. It is understood Judge Aldrich will agree to the postponement.

COLDS TO BE TAKEN SERIOUSLY

Intelligent people realize that common colds should be treated promptly. If there is sneezing and chilliness with hoarseness, tickling throat and coughing, begin promptly the use of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. It is effective, pleasant to take, checks a cold, and stops the cough which causes loss of sleep and lowers the vital resistance. Blackmer & Tanquary. Advt.

Important Notice To Skin Sufferers

Try this New Remedy at Our Risk

We know the successful treatment of skin affections is difficult, and so much money is spent by sufferers without getting relief, that they are becoming skeptical and know not what to believe.

Our Generous Offer

Know, therefore, all persons who have any skin affection that we will supply them with our new and wonderful remedy—Saxo Salve—on the positive guarantee—that if it does not benefit them we will refund their money as cheerfully as we took it.

There is no remedy that will cure every disease—but there are some that we know to be honest, reliable, and of great curative value. Such is Saxo Salve. No skin sufferer should therefore hesitate to try Saxo Salve on this generous offer. We take all the risk and bear all the expense if Saxo Salve fails—but as it succeeds in over 90% of the cases our risk is not great after all.

Do not Give Up until you have Tried Saxo

BLACKMER & TANQUARY, Druggists
Washington C. H., Ohio

We always ask for trade on the basis of superior goods and service and right prices. We want your Drug Store trade.



HUNT AFTER SIEGEL'S SCALP

Cincinnati, O., Jan. 14.—According to statements made by Former Mayor Henry T. Hunt, he or those associated with him will soon file charges of malfeasance against Mayor Spiegel with Governor Cox, with the endeavor to remove the mayor from office. The proposed action is practically to be a test of the civil service law. Mr. Hunt said: "I, with some others, am preparing charges to be filed shortly with Governor Cox, asking for the removal of Mayor Spiegel for malfeasance in office. His removal of Charles Stichnath, superintendent of streets, and of several other heads of departments, are clear violations of the civil service law of the state."

GAS SUPPLY FAILS

Newark, O., Jan. 14.—This city was cold and dark last night as a result of a failure of the gas supply, which fell to a point where it was useless except for the simplest kind of cooking. There were no street lights, the municipal plant having been shut off.

Read the Want Advertisements.

Strong Points

OF THE BUCKEYE STATE BUILDING AND LOAN COMPANY, RANKIN BUILDING, 22 W. GAY ST., COLUMBUS, OHIO.

1. Safety. All money is loaned only on first mortgage on homes and farms, the safest of all mortgage loans.
2. Profits. Time deposits bear five per cent interest per year, payable in semi-annual installments.
3. Ready money. You can always get the cash on your deposits.
4. Convenience. Centrally located in the fireproof Rankin building, 22 West Gay street, Columbus, Ohio.

ALBERT R. MCCOY

Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Office 222 E. Court St. Bell Tel., office, 27; residence, 9 R. Citizens, office 27; residence, 541.

The IRONTON BUNSEN BURNER GAS HEATER

Saves from 45% to 75% of your gas bills and gives 33 1/3% more heat in a given length of time—demonstrated by actual test under all conditions—in competition with the leading stoves now on the market. *It combines the two most essential features of a heating stove—maximum heat—minimum gas consumption.

More Heat

Less Gas



D. W. Schneider
Washington C. H., Ohio

PETITIONERS ASK THAT COLUMBUS PIKE BE PAVED

The number of property owners who are becoming interested in the road-paving plan, is steadily increasing, as manifested by the number of petitions filed with the County Commissioners, asking that certain highways be improved under the latest state-aid plan.

The latest petition filed was placed in the County Auditor's hands Tuesday evening, and covers the Columbus pike, from the corporation line of this city to the Madison-Fayette county line above Cooks Station. It is signed by more than 51 percent of the property owners along the road, and will be acted upon at an early meeting of the county commissioners.

The petition is signed by virtually all of the large property owners

along the road, and the strip of pike the petitioners want paved is 13.2 miles. Brick paving, 16 feet in width is what is desired by the various property owners signing the petition.

The petitioners are:
H. W. Wilson, Edwin Weaver, Louis Perrill, Harry F. Brown, Hugh Stewart, John DeWitt, Willard F. Storey, Wm. Oswald, J. G. Couch, J. W. McCoy, Mary and Kate Dore, W. H. Hammond, Jas. Woodland, C. P. West, Joshua Mahan, A. J. Hixon, Britton, Shobe, T. C. McArthur, A. Erskin, J. W. Hornbeck, Matthew Hanna, E. A. Parrett, E. L. King, R. H. Crow, W. D. Wood, W. S. Beale, Clark Beale, David Beale, Harry G. Beale, Philip Uhrig, Mrs. Simon Stuckey, Mrs. Mary E. Harrison, Martin Hanna.

UNCLE JOHN LININGER CALLED TO HIS REWARD

Death came very peacefully to Uncle John Lininger at 8:40 Tuesday night, and his spirit waited peacefully away into eternity.

His death, after a short illness, closed a long and useful life of nearly 90 years, and marked the passing of the last of a family of five brothers and seven sisters.

The deceased was the son of Frederick and Eve Lininger, and was born in Ross county near Bethel church and Austin, on April 23, 1824. His exact age was 89 years, 8 months and 20 days, 30 years of which were spent in Ross county, 30 years in Indiana and the remainder in this city and county.

Had he lived until April 23 next, he would not only have rounded out full 90 years, but would have completed his sixtieth year of wedded life, having been united in marriage with Catherine Popejoy on his birthday anniversary in 1854, now nearly 60 years ago.

To this union was born four children, Austin, Alice and two infants, all of whom have long since passed away, but their memory has always remained green in the minds of their parents. Mrs. Chas. H. Parrett is an adopted daughter, raised by the family from a little child, and Ruth, Pearl and Alice Parrett are grandchildren, all of whom, with their father and the bereaved widow, keenly feel their present loss.

Uncle John, as he was well and familiarly known, died firmly and happily in the Christian faith. In the last week of his life he was virtually transformed and supremely confident, affording the greatest consolation to those nearest to him. Early in life he accepted Christ as his Savior at the Bush church, near Austin, later became a member of the M. E. church in this city, and has for many years lead a very active, earnest Christian life.

The funeral services will be held in Grace church Thursday at 1:30 p. m. Revs. Ross and O. L. Ferguson officiating. Interment will be made in Washington cemetery.

LOCALS DEFEAT GREENFIELD TEAM

The local Y. M. C. A. Basketball team went to Greenfield Tuesday night and met the representative team of that city, easily defeating by a score of 64 to 16.

The game was all one-sided from the start, with the local bunch playing all around the Greenfield team.

The next game will be played on the local floor Saturday night, when a strong team from Columbus will arrive for the big end of the game.

See our line of Keene Kutter Cutlery and tools. Junk & Willett.

An Australian has obtained a United States patent for a process for transplanting living hair on bald heads.

Try Mrs. Austin's Bag Pancake, sure to please you, all grocers.

COL. B. H. MILLIKAN HIGHLY HONORED

Col. B. H. Millikan left Wednesday evening for Detroit, Mich., to attend a meeting of the executive committee of the National Council of Administration of the Grand Army of the Republic to make arrangements for the next National Encampment.

The Executive Committee is composed of seven members appointed by National Commander Washington Gardner, from the National Council of Administration, in which each state in the Union is represented by one member. This committee was directed by the commander-in-chief to meet in Detroit Thursday morning, January 15th, and have within their jurisdiction the making of all plans for the 1914 encampment.

While in Detroit they will be the guests of the city at Hotel Pontchartrain, by order of the mayor.

Col. Millikan has been the Ohio member of the National Council of Administration for the past two years and was further honored by being appointed one of the Executive Committee of seven.

The committee is composed of prominent G. A. R. men, the other members, Frank M. Sterrett, St. Louis, Mo.; William H. Armstrong, Indianapolis, Ind.; H. M. Pickell, Des Moines, Ia.; James J. Healy, Chicago, Ill.; George A. Price, Brooklyn, N. Y.; William J. Patterson, Pittsburg, Pa.

Local G. A. R. veterans and Washingtonians generally feel that they have been signally honored in having our city represented on a committee of such national importance.

The commander-in-chief, Washington Gardner, and other G. A. R. notables, will also be in Detroit for this meeting.

W. C. T. U. MEETING TOMORROW AFTERNOON

January 15, 1914, has been set aside by the National W. C. T. U. as the "National Constitutional Prohibition Day."

There will be a special meeting at the Baptist church tomorrow at 2:30 o'clock, when the following program will be carried out:

Song. Scripture—Crusade Psalm. Prayer. Song. Reading—Proclamation for National Constitutional Prohibition. Especial Thought, Ex. 14: 15. Reading of Joint Resolution introduced into Congress by Hon. Richmond P. Hodson. Prayer service. Song. Especial Thought, Joshua 1:6-9. Address—Prayer a Power. Song. Address—Individual Responsibility. Song. Adjournment.

Each white ribboner is urged to devote at least one hour to prayer and study of God's word before coming to the afternoon meeting. She is also requested to spend a quiet hour at the close of the day in personal consecration.

All who are interested in the abolition of the liquor traffic are invited to join in the service of the day.

Union Collars

Jess. W. Smith THE GREATEST Ladies' Suit Sale

Ever Held in Washington

A REAL SENSATION IN GARMENT TRADE

Tomorrow Morning at 8:30

We place on sale our entire stock of Ladies' and Misses' Fine Tailored Suits, 3 excepted, at \$10 each. Alteration extra

\$10

Alterations Extra

This includes suits that sold all the way from \$15.00 to \$42.50, and you can take your pick now for \$10.00.

Come Early. Get the Pick. Now is the Time

FIRST PRIZES AWARDED GO TO PAINT TOWNSHIP

Jeffersonville Corn Show Attraction by Large Number of Entries and High Class of Corn Shown—H. W. Bussert Wins First Prize in Class of 23, and Virgil Willis Wins First in Class of 11 Competitors.

Big crowds are attending the corn and poultry shows at Jeffersonville, and Tuesday evening when the entries were all in it was found that the show surpassed any ever held in Jeffersonville.

The mammoth corn exhibit is made up of nearly 2800 ears, and more and better corn than ever before exhibited is proving a drawing card that is filling Jeffersonville with those interested in the exhibits.

All classes are well filled, and Class A, 10 ears of yellow, open to all, has 23 entries, from a number of counties.

Other classes and entries are:

Class B, 10 ears white, open class, 11 entries.

Class C, 10 ears mixed, open, 9 entries.

Class D, best single ear, open, 40 entries.

Class E, bushel, 70 ears yellow, 14 entries.

Class F, bushel, 70 ears white, 5 entries.

Class G, 10 ears, highest amount shelled corn, 19 entries.

Class H, 10 ears, young men eligible from 10 to 20 years old, 11 entries.

Class I, 10 ears any variety, for amateurs who have never shown corn before, 6 entries.

Class J, 10 ears yellow, Jefferson township only, 15 entries.

Class K, Jefferson township, 10 ears white, 5 entries.

Class L, 10 ears mixed, Jefferson township, 3 entries.

Class M, 10 ears Improved Clarage, Jefferson township, 7 entries.

Class N, acre yield, open, 3 entries.

Class O, Grange Trophy Cup, 5 entries.

Sweepstakes, best 10 ears grown in township.

Class P, 70 ears Improved Coll or Clarage, 4 entries.

The work of judging the corn commenced Wednesday morning, and the judge, who is from the O. S. U., stated that the exhibit was one of the finest he had ever seen, and was by far in advance of any corn show he had ever seen in a town as small as Jeffersonville.

The judging was no little task, and progressed very slowly. Up until noon only two classes had been judged, and out of 23 exhibitors, H. W. Bussert, of Paint township, won first prize in Class A, with ten of the finest ears ever exhibited in Jeffersonville.

In the second class, 10 ears of best

white, Virgil Willis, also of Paint township, won first prize.

The judges of poultry commenced their work Tuesday and have completed it. There are some 300 fowls in the exhibit.

Friday and Saturday the Farmers' Institute will add to the interest of Jeffersonville's attractions for the week.

NAMED IT RAVENNA.

Just When the Ohio Town Was Going to Be Called Tappan.

Shortly after the Revolution Benjamin Tappan, son of a wealthy Boston merchant and the original owner of what is now Portage county, O., entered his father's tract in the west and spent the winter there. Other settlers joined him, and a settlement was begun, which had the dignity of a town at a time when a single log cabin at each place marked the present sites of the cities of Cleveland and Buffalo. The place was one of singular natural beauty, and the question of a name soon arose.

Now, it happened that at this time a younger brother of Benjamin Tappan's and his wife were in Italy and came upon the old town of Ravenna. Delighted with the place, the young bride expressed to her husband the wish that somewhere in the new world there might arise a town worthy to bear the name of the wonderful old Italian city.

The husband immediately thought of his brother in the Ohio wilds and at once dispatched a letter in which he pictured the beauties of the Italian city and expressed the wish that the town then arising in the wilderness be named in its honor.

Many months later Benjamin Tappan, despairing of finding a suitable name for the town, was about to yield to the wishes of his neighbors and bestow the name of Tappan upon it when the letter arrived. So, instead of Tappan, the town was named Ravenna, which name it still proudly bears.—Ladies' Home Journal.

SENSITIVE CAT A SUICIDE.

Billy Was Slapped and Then Ran in Front of Automobile.

Bloomfield, N. J.—Miss Lucy Bergen of Washington street, in this town, is sure that her large black cat committed suicide deliberately, and many persons who saw the tragic end of her pet agreed with her.

The cat ran out to the middle of the street in front of its home and awaited the approach of an automobile. The chauffeur saw the animal and steered in next the curb to avoid hitting it. But the cat crawled toward the curb, judging the distance so as to get exactly in front of the wheels of the auto, which ran over it.

Miss Bergen said: "I was putting a pink ribbon on Billy's neck in honor of his thirteenth birthday, when he scratched my hand, for which I gave him a sharp blow on the side of the head with my open hand. He jumped off the table and sought refuge behind a gas range in the kitchen. I felt sorry for what I had done and tried to coax him out, but he paid no attention to me, and at the first annoy-

Jess. W. Smith Sensational Selling Of Women's-Misses' Coats

High-Priced, Fine Desirable Coats

Go For a Mere Fraction
of Former Price : : : :

Coats for Women and Misses

New Elegant Garments, All Kinds

\$4.95 \$5.95 \$6.98 \$8.75

These garments formerly sold for \$12.50 to \$35

COATS FOR JUNIORS

All New Goods—Late Styles

\$2.98 \$3.98 \$4.98

Former Price \$5.00 to \$18.50

Coats for Women and Misses

Not So Desirable In Style

\$2.98 \$3.98

Formerly sold for \$10 to \$20

Smith's Clearance sale is on in all departments. It certainly will pay to Trade at Smith's Now.

tunity he ran out the kitchen door. "I thought he would soon return, and after bathing my wound I went into the parlor and sat by the window. From there I saw Billy lying in the street. Then I saw the automobile coming and I ran to the door. Billy's actions prove to me that he wanted to die, for the driver of the automobile did everything possible to avoid running over him."

MANY HOGS TUBERCULAR.

Twenty Per Cent of Those Slaughtered at Madison, Wis.

Madison, Wis.—Twenty per cent of the average lot of hogs brought to slaughter are tuberculous, according to a statement by Dr. M. P. Ravenel, professor of bacteriology of the University of Wisconsin.

Dr. Ravenel has made a careful examination of conditions in slaughterhouses of Wisconsin and other states and makes known his conclusions in a detailed report. He states that hogs

do not develop the disease within themselves, but contract it by feeding on the byproducts of creameries and following tuberculous cattle.

SEA GIVES UP BIG SKELETON.

Mastodon's Bones and Old Ship Cast Ashore by Disturbance.

Santa Barbara, Cal.—For several days a submarine disturbance has kept the ocean along the south coast in fury, though the weather has been fine and the water comparatively calm several miles from the shore. Then the wreckage of an old ship was cast up.

A few miles southward part of a mastodon's skeleton, which apparently had been brought up from a great depth, was washed ashore. The skeleton fragments included about thirty-five feet of vertebra and the skull with eight foot tusks intact.

The ship's wreckage bore indications that it had lain on the ocean bottom for perhaps a hundred years.

5c—THE—5c COLONIAL THEATER

J. EDMUND SMITH, Mgr.

TONIGHT 101—BISON—101

DRAMA

"In The Wilds of Africa"

In Two Parts

This picture is on the same order as the "Girl and the Tiger" and those who were fortunate enough to see it will not hesitate to see this one, as the 101 Bison never fails to please.

Tomorrow Thurs. Jan. 15
We will present J. W. Johnston's great American masterpiece

"From The Beyond"

in three thrilling parts, featuring Alec Francis and Wm Sheerer, two of the best character artists in the picture business.

Just Try to Get In.
Colonial Theatre The Home of Universal Program

Dancing School At The Eagles' Hall

Thursday Night 2d lesson Hesitation Waltz

Friday Night Two-Step 7 to 8. Tango 8 to 9

ASSEMBLY 9:00 TO 12:00

PERCE PEARCE, Instructor

CAMPAIGN BULLETINS

Beginning on Friday morning at nine o'clock cottage prayer meetings will be held through the city during the campaign on each Friday and Tuesday. The services will be short and to the point, lasting only from twenty to thirty minutes.

Services began last night at Milledgeville, and will continue each evening until further notice.

Rev. H. C. Bobblitt will deliver a stirring address to women at the Grace M. E. church at two o'clock Sunday afternoon on the subject, "The Modern Magdeline." He will give special emphasis to modern amusements, and the part that the woman of today plays in them.

The noon day prayer meetings for business men will start at the Palace theater Friday noon. The services will begin at twelve and continue until 12:30.

Another billiard hall service will be held this evening at seven o'clock with a stirring song program.

Dr. Charles Shaw will address a men's meeting at the Presbyterian church at two o'clock Sunday afternoon. Several unique features are being arranged for this service which will be announced during the week.

Reports from the meetings at Bloomingburg that are being conducted by Rev. F. M. Moore, state that an unusual interest is being manifested, with a gratifying attendance.

Secretary Zaner meets with the local campaign committees at Jeffersonville and Milledgeville today to arrange for details of the meetings at those points.

Local ministers and campaign workers posed for a group photograph yesterday. There were eleven in the list. The picture will be reproduced in post card form, and will also be published in the press.

Nine thousand "stickers" are being prepared, with the inscription, "Everybody to Church, January 25th." This has been selected as Decision Day. The stickers will be distributed at all local stores, and will be sent out on all packages of goods or merchandise.

A children's mass meeting at the Grace M. E. church Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock, under the direction of Mr. Thomas, promises to be of unusual interest.

Services this evening in the various churches will be of especial importance. An inspiring musical program will be given at each church.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Mrs. Rosa Lippencott returned to her home in Blanchester yesterday, after a visit with Mrs. Jos. H. Hopess. She will visit in Urbana before returning.

Herbert Wilson is visiting his sister, Mrs. Forest Horne, in Dayton.

Mr. Charles Burnett is in Columbus on business today.

Mr. W. A. Tharp has been the week's business visitor in Columbus.

Mr. George Inskip is in Columbus attending the State Agriculture meeting.

Mrs. Eliza Waddell and Miss Ruth Mark are spending a couple of days in Columbus.

Mrs. Ethel Swinehart, of Humbolt, Ill., who has been visiting Miss Jennie Clark, left today for Greencastle, Ind., to visit her daughter, who is attending school there, before returning to her home.

Mrs. F. G. Carpenter will be the guest of Mrs. Brunella Miesse in Lancaster, Thursday to attend the Southeast district meeting of Women's Federated clubs.

Miss Florence Ustick is spending a couple of days in Cincinnati on business.

Mrs. George Haynes is spending the day in Columbus with Mr. Haynes at the Mt. Carmel hospital.

Mr. R. C. Peddicord is attending the State Canners' convention at Toledo.

Mr. W. B. Rogers, special deputy in charge of the Crown City bank, is home for a few days.

Mrs. Walter Girard is visiting in Columbus.

Messrs. Oscar Wickle and Charles Roberts are attending the State Agricultural meeting in Columbus.

Miss Bess Blue, who has been ill at the home of her mother, Mrs. Laura O'Farrell, since Christmas, was able to return to Columbus Wednesday.

Mrs. Cliff Reid and daughter, Margaret, arrived from Bowling Green Tuesday night, and was the guest of Miss Roxie Stinson until Wednesday afternoon, when she returns to her home in Lexington, Ky.

Dr. Chas. Shaw, of Jamestown, N. Y., is the guest of Dr. Cary Persinger and family, while in this city conducting revival services at the Presbyterian church.

Mrs. May McCoy was able to resume her work in the High school today, after several days' illness.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Inskip left Wednesday morning for Urbana where they will visit their son, Mr. Harold Inskip and family before leaving for Ft. Worth, Texas, Roswell, N. Mexico, and other places in the south. They expect to be gone the remainder of the winter.

Mrs. James Miller was placed by her physician, Dr. Grant Marchant, in Grant hospital, Columbus, Wednesday morning.

Mr. H. K. Stewart, of Springhill farm, went to Columbus Wednesday afternoon to attend the State Agricultural meeting.

Mrs. Clarence Craig went to Greenfield Wednesday morning for a short visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Deffner.

Mr. T. C. Happenny, of Jeffersonville, was the guest of his son, Mr. John Happenny and family Tuesday.

Mr. Ben Jamison is a business visitor in Columbus today.

Mrs. Mary Rodger and Mr. Jared Adams are in Good Hope today to attend the annual meeting of the Good Hope bank.

Miss Marie Bocco arrived from Jeffersonville Wednesday afternoon to be the guest of Mrs. John Happenny.

Mr. and Mrs. Grant Hays are spending the day in Columbus.

Mrs. Ellen Jones was called to Columbus by the serious illness of her cousin.

Mr. and Mrs. Otis Hawthorne and children, of Blanchester, have been the guests of Mrs. Kimble and family during the past week.

Messrs. Eben Adams, W. E. Summers, Albert Briggs, Ross Wiley and Robert Rothrock attended the basketball game between the local Y. M. C. A. team and the Greenfield team last night.

Mr. H. T. Wilkin joined Mrs. Wilkin in Hillsboro Wednesday to attend a wedding.

Mrs. Josephine Kerr, president of the Browning club, expects to attend the Southeast District Federation meeting in Lancaster Thursday.

Robert Lanum and Orlan Hays drove the Y. M. C. A. basketball team of Smith, Peterson, Sturgeon, Phillips and Kier, Director McClung and subs. Dresbach and McGinnis, to Greenfield last night for the basketball game in their cars.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank C. Parrett are spending the day in Columbus.

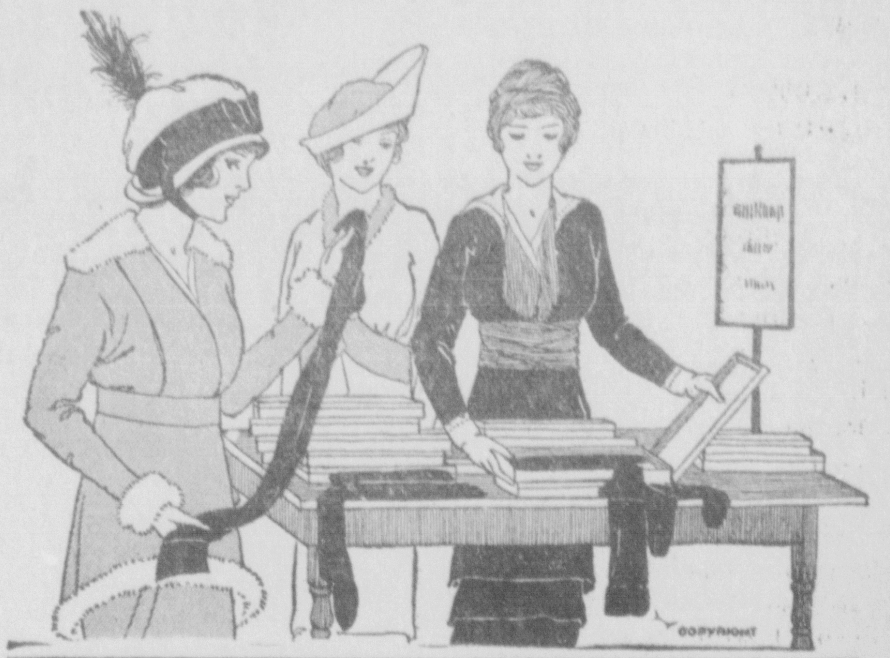
Miss Mildred Mathew of Sabina, was the guest of Mrs. E. H. Reeder today.

CRAIG BROS January Sale OF Hosiery and Underwear

Affords an excellent opportunity to purchase immediate needs and future wants at the season's lowest prices

| | |
|------------------------------------|-----|
| 25c Ladies' Cashmere Hose..... | 19c |
| 35c Ladies' Cashmere Hose..... | 29c |
| 50c Ladies' Cashmere Hose..... | 39c |
| 25c Ladies' Fleece Lined Hose..... | 19c |
| 35c Ladies' Fleece Lined Hose..... | 29c |
| 50c Ladies' Fleece Lined Hose..... | 39c |
| 35c Ladies' "Wonderhose"..... | 29c |
| 25c Children's Cashmere Hose..... | 19c |

| | |
|---|--------|
| 25c Children's Undervests..... | 19c |
| 25c Children's Underdrawers..... | 19c |
| 25c Ladies' Undervests..... | 19c |
| 25c Ladies' Underdrawers..... | 19c |
| 50c Ladies' Undervests..... | 39c |
| 50c Ladies' Underdrawers..... | 39c |
| 50c Ladies' Union Suits..... | 39c |
| \$1.00 Ladies' Flat Wool Underwear..... | 89c |
| \$1.00 Ladies' Knit Skirts..... | 89c |
| \$1.50 Ladies' Knit Skirts..... | \$1.19 |



EVERY DEPARTMENT OF OUR STORE IS REPRESENTED IN THIS GREAT SALE

Men's Clothes
Women's Clothes
Rugs
Comforts and Blankets
Dress Goods

DON'T MISS THIS OPPORTUNITY

CRAIG BROS

In Social Circles

The Chionians held an interesting session at the home of Mrs. Frank M. Fullerton Tuesday afternoon. Magazine articles were read and discussed and dainty refreshments served.

The fortnightly Kensington of the Ladies' Guild of the Presbyterian church, was enjoyed by a number of women at the home of Mrs. A. C. Henkle Tuesday afternoon.

Assisting Mrs. Henkle as hostesses were Mesdames H. L. Stitt, Ione Bryant, Frank Mayer William Manning, Martin Hamm, Miss Bell DeWitt.

Appetizing refreshments were served during the social afternoon.

Mrs. Arthur Finley delightfully entertained the Tuesday Afternoon Kensington club. A delicious collation was served.

Mrs. Finley's sister, Mrs. Robert Dunn, of Sabina, was an out-of-town guest.

OFFERS HER A FAMILY.

Pegleg, Father of Eleven, Sends Proposal From Ireland.

West Orange, N. J.—A proposal of marriage from a wooden legged widower aged fifty-three with eleven "pretty little children" has been received by Miss Jessie Cosgrove, who was formerly employed here.

A few years ago, for a joke, Miss Cosgrove penned a proposal on a piece of paper, which she inserted inside a package at her factory. Then Miss Cosgrove, who is soon to be married, received the proposal from one Dennis O'Finn of Westmeath, Ireland.

In part, the letter says: "Having pity on my eleven little ones, I thought to ask if you would become my wife, so I could intrust their bringing up to you.

"Of course I am not a rich man and cannot pay your passage, but maybe you have some savings and wouldn't mind coming over if you got a good husband with eleven children in the bargain."

WIND TO LIGHT LONG NIGHT.

Episcopal Mission Will Harness Alaskan Gales.

Philadelphia.—The winds that blow in northern Alaska are to be harnessed to light up the long polar night in the cause of religion. Bishop P. T. Rowe of the Diocese of Alaska has authorized Dr. W. E. S. Temple, head of the electrical engineering department of the University of Pennsylvania, to design and build an electric light plant, operated by a windmill, for use of the Episcopal mission at Point Hope, Alaska.

Point Hope is more than 100 miles north of the arctic circle, where the polar night continues several months each year.

TALKING BANKNOTE

A NEW INVENTION

Edges of Paper So Cut as to Make Phonographic Record.

Sutton, Surrey, England.—An invention that might prove useful in the makeup of the new American issue of bills and banknotes has lately been brought to a high state of perfection by a Sutton engineer, Alfred E. Bawtree.

Mr. Bawtree's device is a machine which will so cut the edge of a banknote as to make it a veritable phonograph record, capable of talking and stating its denomination.

Put as simply as possible, the method employed in making the "talking banknote," which, Mr. Bawtree says, will defy the machinations of the counterfeiters, is this: The sound form of two syllables, like "dollar," "fifty," "hundred," is first photographed by an ingenious process upon a film, making a jagged line of about the length of a banknote.

By a photo-mechanical process this jagged line, which is really a little record of the words spoken, is cut on a zinc plate, and from this mold a steel cutting knife of the required shape and design is obtained.

With this knife the edges of bills and notes may be cut, and each serrated edge is a reproduction of the sound form required.

When the bills so treated are passed through the specially designed phonographic reproducer, which is a part of the invention, they can be heard crying their values.

Mr. Bawtree says: "With this machine people can safeguard themselves against receiving forged notes. It would be practically impossible for a forger to imitate the serrated edge of a note which talks."

CHURCH GIVES FREE LUNCH.

Saloonkeepers Know Men, Says Pastor—Some Preachers Don't.

Cincinnati.—To make the church as attractive to the needy as the saloon, the Rev. A. N. Kelly adopted the plan of providing free lunch at his church every evening from 7:30 to 8:30 o'clock.

Soup, coffee, sandwiches and cakes are served. After the free lunch there is a sermon. A few who have no place for the night will be invited to rest a bit in the upholstered plush pews.

"There are some things we can learn from the saloon keeper," said the Rev. Mr. Kelly. "The saloon keeper knows men. A great many preachers do not. Men, especially the down and outs, do not go to saloons just to become sodden. They find warmth and cheer and food, all a down and out man immediately wants. To compete with the saloon I serve a better lunch."

COTTON FARMERS CHEATED.

Victims of a System of Averages Used by Middlemen.

Washington.—The office of markets of the department of agriculture has made an investigation of the irregularities in prices paid for cotton from the time it is harvested until it reaches New York. The investigators reported that in some sections of the cotton belt the farmers are cheated out of from \$1 to \$12.50 a bale by the middlemen and the carriers, by a system of averages.

"The cotton crop of Oklahoma for 1912," says the report, "contained about 19,000 bales of strict good middling cotton on which the New York differences would entitle somebody to a total of over \$20,000 in premiums above the prices of good middling. No one in that state who was interviewed admitted having received a cent of this premium.

"The investigation showed that in the case of strict middling cotton in the same local market, the difference in price for bales of this grade would vary from \$2 to \$7.25. In the case of low middling cotton in seven markets, the price variation on the same day was from \$2.20 to \$12.50 a bale. In the case of low middling cotton the variation ran from \$2.50 to \$3 per bale."

THE OLD RELIABLE STILL IN THE LEAD

Duffee, the man who cuts the high cost of living.

25 lbs. best cane granulated sugar \$1.15. Finest hand-picked soup beans, 5c per lb. Finest Irish potatoes in town, \$1.00 per bushel; 25c per peck. Fancy apples, oranges, Jumbo bananas, fancy lemons, waxy dates, new nuts of all kinds. Parsnips, turnips, solid cabbage, sound onions, Jersey sweet potatoes. Finest Standard oysters coming from Baltimore, 40c per quart, 1 lb. crackers free; 1 pint oysters, 20c and one-half pound crackers free. Flint hominy, cracked hominy, flake hominy, canned hominy. See us.

J. W. DUFFEE & CO., The Old Reliable Cash Grocery. Both phone No. 77.

Buy your harness and implements of Junk & Willett.

Even a man who knows it all seldom gets a chance to tell it after he gets married.

PARRETT'S GROCERY

"THE YELLOW FRONT."

THE HOME OF QUALITY FOR TWENTY-SIX YEARS.

Young Chickens, any size 2½ to 5 lbs., 15c lb

Fresh Kale and Spinach Every Day

Kale 10 cents. Spinach 12½c

Head Lettuce 10c and 12½c per head

Cauliflower 20c per head

Hot-house Lettuce 20c per pound

Pure Jersey Sweets 4c per pound

Fancy Apples—

Many kinds—Starks and Baldwins 60c per peck
Greenings, Spys and Smith Cider
7c pound, 4 pounds for 25c.

IN WESTERN BOX APPLES

we have the Wine Sap, Delicious, Jonathan and Spitzenberg.

ORANGES continue to be the cheapest and best fruit on the market. Best Florida Sweet Oranges at 12c, 20c and 30c per dozen.

GRAPE FRUIT 8c and 10c each.

C.A. Gossard & Co.
JEWELERS
Washington C. H., Ohio

THE SILO IS ESSENTIAL FOR ECONOMIC FEEDING

Hon. Humphrey Jones, One of America's Foremost Scientific Cattle Feeders, Addresses Williamsport Farmers Today.

SHEDS NEW LIGHT ON FEEDING FOR PROFIT.

Time Coming When Virtually Every Farm Must Have Silo to Prevent Waste of Forty Per Centum of Corn Crop as in Many Instances at Present—Address Teems With Golden Facts for Benefit of All Progressive Farmers and All Land-owners in General.

"The Silo in Cattle and Sheep Feeding" formed the theme of a splendid address delivered Wednesday at the Farmers' Institute at Williamsport, by Hon. Humphrey Jones of this city, and in his address Mr. Jones made plain many points that every progressive farmer and land-owner should know.

Mr. Jones occupies a high place in the scientific farming world, and it has been said that in all probability there is no other man in America who can speak with more authority upon the subject chosen by Mr. Jones than he himself, as he has made cattle feeding a careful study, and annually feeds several hundred head for market.

In his address at Williamsport, Mr. Jones said:

"We are now in our thirteenth year in the use of silos with a combined capacity of about 3500 tons in steer feeding. So far as I know we were among the early pioneers in use of the silo for this purpose on any extended scale. At any rate, when we first erected our silos I heard little but adverse criticism of their use for steer feeding purposes. The situation has now entirely changed and cattle feeders in all the corn producing sections of the country are coming rapidly to realize the great economy, convenience and profit of the use of the silo for such purpose and are literally tumbling over themselves in many places in their efforts to secure the building of silos. The longer we use silos the more pleased have we become with them and I regard no investment in farm improvements, aside from ditching, with such high favor as the silo.

"Without going into detail, we have found that with the use of good corn silage, wheat or oats straw or hay and a little cotton seed meal we can make as rapid gains as it is possible under any practical method of steer feeding. We have now four hundred coming three-year-old

CHILLED FEET

make one feel cold all over; they are a foe to refreshing sleep, and one who is subject to them should not think of retiring these cold nights without the remedy—

A Good Hot Water Bottle

—tucked away at the foot of the bed. The comfort one affords costs too little to go without.

We have Warranted Hot Water Bottles at all prices, guaranteed for one year, and with proper care will give satisfactory service for several years. They are made extra strong by reinforced seams and some have cloth insert.

BALDWIN'S DRUG STORE

Arlington House Block. Both Phones 52

H. C. FORTIER
PIANO
Tuning Repairing
Both Phones

SEE
S. J. VANPELT
For Motorcycle Repairs

in the silo by keeping the air excluded from it; that there is no practical way of excluding the air except by pressure; that there is no practical way of getting this pressure except by height; therefore, make the silo of good height. No silo should be less than fifty feet high and seventy five feet is preferable. The silage is better preserved the capacity of the silo is greatly increased and there is less waste while feeding. Without reference to the diameter that your silo is to be, make it of good height. With the modern ensilage cutter and blower it is practically as easy to elevate the silage seventy-five feet as thirty or forty feet.

"2nd. If you desire to use the silo for feeding either cattle or sheep, grow that variety of corn which will produce the largest percent of grain to gross weight of plant.

"3rd. Bear in mind that you can't take more feed out of the silo than you put in it, nor probably quite so much. Therefore, let the corn plant grow until it has attained all the food value possible; in other words, leave the plant growing until it has gathered from the soil, the air and the water all the solid matter it can acquire. Do not, however, let it reach the point where its food value begins to materially depreciate. Cut the corn for the silo when it is first ready to go in half shock. Many men in filling a silo get the idea that there is great virtue in tramping it and spend large sums of money for labor for this purpose. The silage needs no tramping. The vertical pressure is so great as to have hundreds of times the effect in compacting the silage that the weight of a man would have. The main thing of importance is to have the silage evenly distributed over the whole surface during filling and not permit the heavier portions to fall or lie in one place. If this point is not observed the result will be that the settling will be uneven and if the silage when filling is permitted to fall and pile up in the center of the silo, when settling takes place it will draw away from the walls, making an air space, resulting in a large amount of spoiled silage. If you have not a distributor on your pipe with which the silage can be evenly thrown all over the surface, then put men in the silo to properly scatter it and particularly to properly scatter the heavier portions of the silage. In filling, the silage, for best results, should at all times be kept two or three feet higher around the edges than in the center of the silo. In other words, the surface of the silage should always be in the shape of a funnel. When settling takes place the pressure will then be outward against the wall and there will be no spoiled silage around the edges.

"4th. The size of your silo should be regulated by the amount of stock you expect to feed, the point being that one or two inches of silage off of the whole exposed surface should be removed at least every two days, preferably every day. If you have no roof on your silo the rains will cause pretty rapid deterioration of the silage if the surface is left exposed more than one day. Therefore if you only expect to feed one or two loads of cattle from a silo make the diameter small, but in no event decrease the height. I know our frame silo friends will object to great height in a small silo for the manifest reason that it is difficult, if not impossible, to keep them erect and together when built high, but if you build a concrete silo with monolithic walls there is no possible objection to making a silo which is twelve or sixteen feet in diameter just as high as if it were twenty or thirty feet in diameter, provided you secure a proper foundation.

"5th. It should be kept in mind that silage is a cooling food much like grass and that silage fed cattle need much warmer quarters than coal tar or asphaltum, although very good results can be obtained in large corn. A steer on full feed of ear silos without the inside coated. It is generally too warm and in should be born in mind that the corn the coldest weather, provided it is plant is preserved in palatable form not storming, will seek the open air

rather than a shed, provided he has a comfortable place to lie down; but silage fed cattle will nearly always, in most kinds of weather, want to get into a shed if one is available and particularly will they want to get out of cold winds, rain, sleet or snow storms. It is essential to provide good warm sheds for silage fed cattle. They need not be expensive, but they should be so constructed as to keep the cattle comfortable. They should also be constructed so as to provide a dry bedding place where the cattle may at all times lie down in comfort. In feeding silage there is no waste feed as in feeding shock corn. There are no stalks to accumulate to keep the cattle out of the mud. For best results, therefore, if you are feeding a large number of cattle, it is essential to have hard floors in both your sheds and feed lots. We have concreted all of ours.

"Keep hay or straw by the cattle at all times. Clover hay is preferable, in my judgment, only because it results in the cattle eating less silage; it does not decrease the cost of producing the beef. The cattle need some dry feed to regulate the bowels, and our experience is that good straw is quite as good for this purpose as any kind of hay.

"I do not mean to discourage the raising of clover and alfalfa hay. Raise and feed all of it you can. It is a cheap feed, but not so cheap as silage. It will make beef rapidly and take the place of silage to the extent it is used, but will not make any more rapid gains than the silage nor gains which will be quite so cheap as those made upon the silage alone. If you can arrange your operations so as to pasture the clover during the summer instead of cutting it for hay you will, in my judgment, obtain more net profit out of it and keep it right on the ground where it belongs, than to cut it and feed it to cattle, even though used in connection with the silage. The expense of cutting and feeding will more than equal the difference in the gains made by feeding the hay rather than pasturing it off.

"The time is rapidly approaching when nearly every farm in the corn belt devoted, to any considerable extent, to the feeding or raising of cattle or sheep, will be provided with a silo. Under the methods employed in the past little and often no benefit was obtained from the fodder of the corn plant. This fodder contains forty percent of the feed value of the whole plant. Where corn is king of the crops the economic waste involved in the loss of forty percent of that crop is too great to be long permitted, when farmers and stockmen come to realize that with a moderate investment the whole of this loss can be prevented."

HIGH COURT TO PASS ON CAMERON

Columbus, O., Jan. 14.—The question of whether or not I. B. Cameron, former state treasurer, will be tried for alleged embezzlement of state funds, will be passed upon by the supreme court. In a decision sustaining the position of Prosecutor Turner, the court refused the motion of Cameron's attorneys to strike out the exceptions of the prosecutor to the ruling of a lower court throwing out the indictment against Cameron. Whether or not Cameron's alleged offense was an indictable one will now be decided by the supreme court. The quashed indictment charged Cameron with using \$125,000 derived from improper use of state funds.

Do you begin to cough at night, just when you have to sleep? Do you have a tickling throat that keeps you awake? Just take Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. It will check the cough and stop the tickling sensation at once. Does not upset the stomach, is best for children and grown persons. Blackmer & Tanquary.

TO LOAN—\$200, \$500, \$700, \$1,000, \$1,500, \$2,000 to loan.

FRANK M. FULLERTON

BILL AFFECTS CLASSIFIED NEW SYSTEM

Washington, Jan. 14.—The senate committee on banking and currency will soon report a bill providing a plan for guaranteeing deposits held in banks in the new federal reserve system. Like action will be taken by the corresponding committee in the house, and the indications are that a bank deposit guarantee law will be enacted at this session of congress. The senate committee already has given consideration to the subject and it has been disclosed that a majority, including Senator Nelson of Minnesota, a Republican, favors the plan.

Details of the proposed bill have yet to be perfected. It will be recalled that the senate incorporated a guarantee plan in the Glass-Owen bill, but the provision was eliminated in conference. The senate guarantee plan provided that after the federal reserve banks had paid 6 per cent on their stock and created a surplus, a fund should be created guaranteeing all depositors in the federal reserve banks. A modification of this plan will be proposed in the bill shortly to be reported.

It has been represented to the banking committees of the two houses that in states where laws obtain guaranteeing deposits in state institutions that the result is disadvantageous to national banks. National bankers in such states complain that they are losing business to the state banks as a result of the guarantee of deposits that is assured under the law by such institutions. For this reason, it is said, there is sentiment among many small national bankers favorable to a federal guarantee plan.

ALIENIST DEAD

New York, Jan. 14.—Dr. Edward Charles Spitzka, specialist in nervous diseases and expert witness in the trial of Guiteau for the murder of President Garfield in 1881, died of apoplexy at his home. He was 61 years old. His death was hastened by a \$50,000 lawsuit brought against him by Joseph Gershgal, a jeweler, in which the alienation of Mrs. Gershgal's affections was charged.

THE ARLINGTON.
The popular priced dining place.
Meals, 25c.

And self-love is also blind.

Pimpily? Well, Don't Be!

People Notice It. Drive Them Off With Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets.

A pimply face will not embarrass you much longer, if you get a package of Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. The skin should begin to clear after you have taken the tablets a few nights.

Cleanse the blood, the bowels and the liver with Olive Tablets.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are the successful substitute for calomel—there's never any sickness or pain after taking them.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets do that which calomel does, and just as effectively, but their action is gentle and safe instead of severe and irritating.

No one who takes Olive Tablets is ever cursed with "a dark brown taste," a bad breath, a dull, listless, "no good" feeling, constipation, torpid liver, bad disposition or pimply face.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil, you will know them by their olive color.

Dr. Edwards spent years among patients afflicted with liver and bowel complaints and Olive Tablets are the immensely effective result.

Take one or two nightly for a week. See how much better you feel and look. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists. The Olive Tablet Company, Columbus, O.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—10-room house, modern, good location. Inquire of J. T. Dowler, Cherry St.

FOR RENT—By March 1st, 6-room house with all modern conveniences. Florence Ogle, Clitz. phone 133.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, all modern conveniences. Mrs. H. H. Sanderson, 361 Court St.

FOR RENT—Brick residence property on Fayette street near East St., city heat, electric light and gas; all modern improvements; with or without up-to-date barn and garage. W. Campbell.

FOR RENT—5-room cottage on N. Hinde street. Inquire at 236 West Market.

FOR RENT—3-room house, city water; cistern, gas. Good garage. Call Clitz. phone 1671. See Elmer White.

FOR RENT—Half of house. 401 E. Paint St.

FOR RENT—East half double house, Columbus avenue. Mrs. Mary Passmore, Clitz. phone 330.

FOR RENT—One furnished room, one square from Court House, Call at 220 W. Market.

FOR RENT—7-room house on N. North street, barn and good out-buildings. See Walter E. Ellis.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping, 228 N. Fayette street.

FOR RENT—7-room house. Call at Bachert's Carriage Factory.

FOR RENT—6-room house in Pavey's addition. Inquire of Frank Mayer, O. K. Barber Shop.

FOR RENT—Half double house, 5 rooms and bath; 2 doors from Central school building. Inquire Bent's grocery.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—500 shocks fodder. J. P. Bush, Bell phone 212 R. 4.

FOR SALE—Here are some great investment bargains: New 4-room ouse, 3-4 acres land, not far out, rents for \$10; price \$1150. Three-room house, improved street, rents or \$5; price \$425. Five-room modern home, \$3000; ten-room modern, big lot, elegant location, \$4200; also two groceries and two business blocks. See George H. Hitchcock and W. R. Albey, City, if you desire to buy.

FOR SALE—250-egg Prairie State incubator. Ethel Cavinee. Bell phone 107 R. 1.

FOR SALE—Wizzard oil-mop and 50c can of polish extra, only \$1.50; while they last. Junk & Willett.

FOR SALE—light mixed baked hay; good quality. Call G. W. Cline, Bell phone.

WANTED.

WANTED—Ladies to earn \$2.25 dozen making plain neckwear. Home business. Experience unnecessary. Mail dime for pattern, instructions. Needlecraft, 3428 Altoona, Pa.

WANTED—Boy for Sunday Enquirer route. J. F. Leland, 306 W.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A collie pup, 8 months old. Sable and white. Full white collar. Four white feet. Narrow white in face. Reward. Call Clitz. phone 74.

LOST—Thursday evening between P. O. and Paint street on North "Parker Lucky Curve" fountain pen. Finder please call 2725 Clitz. phone.

LOST—Gold bracelet. Finder call Clitz. phone 296. Reward. Murvill adv Goodwin.

SCOOP The Cub Reporter Scoop's Dawg Hangs One On Mr. Pretzelweenie



HOW INCOME TAX HAS TO BE PAID

Form 1,040 Must Be Filled Out and Filed by March 1.

ELABORATE INSTRUCTIONS.

United States Treasury Department
Furnishes Information in Computing
Incomes and Making the Deductions
Which the Law Allows—Warns of
Penalties.

The long heralded blank form to be used by individuals required by the new income tax law to make an annual return of their net annual income has been issued at the treasury department. It is known as form 1,040 and must be used in accordance with "instructions." The latter follows:

1. This return shall be made by every citizen of the United States, whether residing at home or abroad, and by every person holding in the United States, though not a citizen thereof, having a net income of \$2,000 or over for the taxable year and also by every nonresident alien deriving income from property owned and business, trade or profession carried on in the United States by him.

2. When an individual, by reason of minority, sickness or other disability or absence from the United States, is unable to make his own return it may be made for him by his duly authorized representative.

3. The normal tax of 1 per cent shall be assessed on the total net income, less the specific exemption of \$3,000 or \$4,000, as the case may be. (For the year 1913 the specific exemption allowable is \$2,500 or \$3,000, as the case may be.) If, however, the normal tax has been deducted and withheld on any part of the income at the source or if any part of the income is received as dividends upon the stock or from the net earnings of any corporation, etc., which is taxable upon its net income such income shall be deducted from the individual's total net income for the purpose of calculating the amount of income on which the individual is liable for the normal tax of 1 per cent by virtue of this return.

4. The additional or super tax shall be calculated as stated.

5. This return shall be filed with the collector of internal revenue for the district in which the individual resides if he has no other place of business, otherwise in the district where he has personal place of business; or in case the person resides in a foreign country, then with the collector for the district in which his personal business is carried on in the United States.

6. This return must be filed on or before the 1st day of March succeeding the close of the calendar year for which return is made.

7. The penalty for failure to file the return within the time specified by law is \$10 to \$100. In case of refusal or neglect to render the return within the required time (except in cases of sickness or absence) 50 per cent shall be added to amount of tax assessed. In case of false or fraudulent return 100 per cent shall be added to such tax, and any person required by law to make, render, sign or verify any return who makes any false or fraudulent return or statement with intent to defraud or evade the assessment required by this section to be made shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not exceeding \$2,000 or be imprisoned not exceeding one year or both, at the discretion of the court, with the costs of prosecution.

An Extension of Time.

8. When the return is not filed within the required time by reason of sickness or absence of the individual an extension of time not exceeding thirty days from March 1 within which to file such return may be granted by the collector, provided an application therefor is made by the individual within the period for which such extension is desired.

9. This return, properly filled out, must be made under oath or affirmation. Affidavits may be made before any officer authorized by law to administer oaths. Before a justice of the peace or magistrate not using a seal a certificate of the clerk of the court as to the authority of such officer to administer oaths should be attached to the return.

10. Expenses for medical attendance, store accounts, family supplies, wages, domestic servants, cost of board, room or house rent for family or personal use are not expenses that can be deducted from gross income. In case an individual owns his own residence he cannot deduct the estimated value of his rent. Neither shall he be required to include such estimated value of his home as income.

11. The farmer in computing the net income from his farm for his annual return shall include all moneys received for produce and animals sold and for the wool and hides of animals slaughtered, provided such wool and hides are sold, and he shall deduct therefrom the sums actually paid as purchase money for the animals sold or slaughtered during the year. When animals were raised by the owner and are sold or slaughtered he shall not deduct their value as expenses or loss. He may deduct the amount of money actually paid as expense for producing any farm products, live stock, etc. In deducting expenses for repairs on farm property the amount actually expended for such repairs during the year for which the return is made. The cost of repairing tools or machinery is a deductible expense to the extent that the cost of the new articles does not exceed the value of the old.

12. In calculating losses only such losses as have been actually sustained and the amount of which has been definitely ascertained during the year covered by the return can be deducted.

13. Persons receiving fees or emoluments for professional or other services, as in the case of physicians or lawyers, should include all actual receipts for services rendered in the year for which return is made, together with all unpaid accounts, charges for services or contingent income for that year if good and collectable.

Deduction of Bad Debts.

14. Debts which were contracted during the year for which return is made, but which in said year were worthless, may be deducted from gross income for said year, but such debts cannot be regarded as worthless until after legal proceedings to recover the same have proved fruitless. It clearly appears that the debtor is insolvent. If debts contracted prior to the year for which return is made were included as income in return for year in which said debts were contracted, and such debts had subsequently proved to be worthless, they may be deducted under the head of losses in the return for the

year in which such debts were charged off as worthless.

15. Amounts due or accrued to the individual members of a partnership from the net earnings of the partnership, whether apportioned and distributed or not, shall be included in the annual return of the individual.

16. The United States pensions shall be included as income.

17. Estimated advance in value of real estate is not required to be reported as income unless the increased value is taken up on the books of the individual as an increase of assets.

18. Costs of suits and other legal proceedings arising from ordinary business may be treated as an expense of such business and may be deducted from gross income for the year in which such costs were paid.

19. An unmarried individual or a married individual not living with wife or husband shall be allowed an exemption of \$3,000. When husband and wife live together they shall be allowed jointly a total exemption of only \$4,000 on their aggregate income. They may make a joint return, both subscribing thereto, or, if they have separate incomes, they may make separate returns, but in no case shall they jointly claim more than \$4,000 exemption of their aggregate income.

20. In computing net incomes there shall be excluded the compensation of all officers and employees of a state or any political subdivision thereof, except when such compensation is paid by the United States government.

The blank spaces to be filled in form 1,040 cover three pages. The spaces on the first page of form 1,040 are to be filled only after entries have been made on the other two pages, but this is because the first page is a summary of totals on the other pages and based upon the calculations that must be made in filling out the other pages. The second page of form 1,040 is arranged so as to aid the individual in making return of his "gross income."

Description of Income.

The individual's income is to be described as follows:

1. Total amount derived from salaries, wages or compensation for personal service of whatever kind and in whatever form paid.

2. Total amount derived from professions, vocations, businesses, trade, commerce or sales or dealings in property, whether real or personal, growing out of the ownership or use of or interest in real or personal property, including bonds, stocks, etc.

3. Total amount derived from rents and from interest on notes, mortgages and securities (other than reported on lines 5 and 6 ***).

4. Total amount of gains and profits derived from partnership business, whether the same be divided and distributed or not.

5. Total amount of fixed and determinable annual gains, profits and income derived from interest upon bonds and mortgages or deeds of trust or other similar obligations of corporations, joint stock companies or associations and insurance companies, whether payable annually or at shorter or longer periods.

6. Total amount of income derived from coupons, checks or bills of exchange for or in payment of interest upon bonds issued in foreign countries and upon foreign mortgages or like obligations (not payable in the United States), and also from coupons, checks or bills of exchange for or in payment of any dividends upon the stock or interest upon the obligations of foreign corporations, associations and insurance companies engaged in business in foreign countries.

7. Total amount of income received from fiduciaries.

8. Total amount of income derived from any source whatever not specified or entered elsewhere on this page.

All of the above income that may have been deducted and withheld at the source is to be itemized in one column, and all of the above on which the tax has not been withheld at the source is to be shown in a separate parallel column. The aggregate of these columns must be added to the total amount of income derived from dividends on the stock or from net earnings of corporations, joint stock companies, associations or insurance companies subject to the tax, and the result will be designated as the "total gross income."

The third page of the blank form is arranged so as to indicate the "general deductions" to be allowed to the individual.

General Deductions.

1. Amount of necessary expenses actually paid in carrying on business, but not including business expenses or partnerships and not including personal, living or family expenses.

2. All interest paid within the year on personal indebtedness of the taxpayer.

3. All national, state, county, school and municipal taxes paid within the year, not including those assessed against local benefits.

4. Losses actually sustained during the year incurred in trade or arising from fires, storms or shipwrecks and not compensated for by insurance or otherwise.

5. Debts due which have been actually ascertained to be worthless and which have been charged off within the year.

6. Amount representing a reasonable allowance for exhaustion, wear and tear of property arising out of its use or employment in business, not to exceed in the case of mines 5 per cent of gross value at the mine of the output for the year for which the computation is made, but no deduction is to be made for any amount of expense of restoring property or making good its exhaustion for which allowance is or has been made.

After having ascertained his "gross income" and the amount of the "general deductions," as thus outlined, the individual would make these entries on the front page of form 1,040, subtract the "general deductions" from the "gross income," thereby ascertaining the "net income." From this "net income" must be eliminated these deductions and exemptions allowed in computing the income subject to the normal tax of 1 per cent:

1. Dividends and net earnings received or accrued of corporations, etc., subject to like tax.

2. Amount of income on which the normal tax has been deducted and withheld at the source.

3. Specific exemption of \$3,000 or \$4,000, as the case may be.

When these deductions have been made from the "net income" the result is described as the "taxable income on which the normal tax of 1 per cent is to be calculated." When the net income exceeds \$20,000 the additional tax must be calculated according to form 1,040. The addition of the total "additional" or "super" tax to the total "normal" tax of 1 per cent will give the total tax liability.

Individual Income Tax Blank.

To be filled in by Collector. Form 1040. To be filled in by Internal Revenue Bureau.

INCOME TAX.
The Penalty.
For failure to have this return in the hands of the Collector of Internal Revenue on or before March 1 is \$20 to \$1,000. (See Instructions on Page 4.)

List No. File No.
District of Assessment List
Date Received Page Line

United States Internal Revenue.
RETURN OF ANNUAL NET INCOME OF INDIVIDUALS.
(As provided by Act of Congress, Approved October 3, 1913.)
Return of Net Income Received or Accrued During the Year Ended December 31, 1913.

(For the year 1913, from March 1 to December 31.)
Filed by (or for) of
(Full name of individual.) (Street and number.)
In the City, Town or Post Office of State of
(Fill in Pages 2 and 3 before making entries below.)

| | Income. | Tax. |
|--|---------|------|
| Gross Income (See Page 2, Line 12)..... | | |
| 2-General Deductions (See Page 3, Line 7)..... | | |
| 3-Net Income..... | | |
| Deductions and exemptions allowed in computing normal tax of 1 per cent..... | | |
| 4-Dividends and net earnings received or accrued, of corporations, etc., subject to like tax (See Page 2, Line 11)..... | | |
| 5-Amount of income on which the normal tax has been deducted and withheld at the source (See Page 2, Line 9, Column A)..... | | |
| 6-Specific exemption of \$3,000 or \$4,000, as the case may be (See Instructions 3 and 19)..... | | |
| (Total deductions and exemptions.) (Items 4, 5, and 6)..... | | |
| 7-Taxable Income on which the normal tax of 1 per cent is to be calculated (See Instruction 3)..... | | |
| 8-When the Net Income shown above on line 3 exceeds \$20,000, the additional tax thereon must be calculated as per schedule below: | | |
| 1 per cent on amount over \$20,000 and not exceeding \$50,000..... | | |
| 2 per cent on amount over \$50,000 and not exceeding \$75,000..... | | |
| 3 per cent on amount over \$75,000 and not exceeding \$100,000..... | | |
| 4 per cent on amount over \$100,000 and not exceeding \$250,000..... | | |
| 5 per cent on amount over \$250,000 and not exceeding \$500,000..... | | |
| 6 per cent on amount over \$500,000..... | | |
| Total additional or super tax..... | | |
| Total normal tax (1 per cent of amount entered on Line 7)..... | | |
| Total tax liability..... | | |

Individual Income Tax Blank Return—Page 2.
GROSS INCOME.
This statement must show in the proper spaces the entire amount of gains, profits and income received by or accrued to the individual from all sources during the year specified on Page 1.

| Description. | A. Amount of Income on Which Tax Has Been Deducted and With- held at Source. | B. Amount of Income on Which Tax Has Not Been Deducted and Withheld at Source. |
|--|--|---|
| 1-Total amount derived from salaries, wages, or compensation for personal service of whatever kind and in whatever form paid..... | | |
| 2-Total amount derived from professions, vocations, businesses, trade, commerce or sales or dealings in property, whether real or personal, growing out of the ownership or use of or interest in real or personal property, including bonds, stocks, etc..... | | |
| 3-Total amount derived from rents and from interest on notes, mortgages and securities (other than reported on Lines 5 and 6)..... | | |
| 4-Total amount of gains and profits derived from partnership business, whether the same be divided and distributed or not..... | | |
| 5-Total amount of fixed and determinable annual gains, profits and income derived from interest upon bonds and mortgages or deeds of trust, or other similar obligations of corporations, joint stock companies or associations, and insurance companies, whether payable annually or at shorter or longer periods..... | | |
| 6-Total amount of income derived from coupons, checks or bills of exchange for or in payment of interest upon bonds issued in foreign countries and upon foreign mortgages or like obligations (not payable in the United States), and also from coupons, checks or bills of exchange for or in payment of any dividends upon the stock or interest upon the obligations of foreign corporations, associations and insurance companies engaged in business in foreign countries..... | | |
| 7-Total amount received from fiduciaries..... | | |
| 8-Total amount of income derived from any source whatever not specified or entered elsewhere on this page..... | | |
| 9-Totals..... | | |
| (NOTE—Enter total of column A on Line 5 of First Page.) | | |
| 10-AGGREGATE TOTALS OF COLUMNS A AND B..... | | |
| 11-Total amount of income derived from dividends on the stock or from the net earnings of corporations, joint stock companies, associations or insurance companies subject to like tax..... | | |
| 12-TOTAL GROSS INCOME (to be entered on Line 1 of First Page)..... | | |
| (To be entered on Line 4 of First Page.) | | |

Individual Income Tax Blank Return—Page 3.
GENERAL DEDUCTIONS.

| | |
|---|--|
| 1-The amount of necessary expenses actually paid in carrying on business, but not including business expenses of partnerships and not including personal, living or family expenses..... | |
| 2-All interest paid within the year on personal indebtedness of taxpayer..... | |
| 3-All national, state, county, school and municipal taxes paid within the year (not including those assessed against local benefits)..... | |
| 4-Losses actually sustained during the year incurred in trade or arising from fires, storms or shipwreck, and not compensated for by insurance or otherwise..... | |
| 5-Debts due which have been actually ascertained to be worthless and which have been charged off within the year..... | |
| 6-Amount representing a reasonable allowance for the exhaustion, wear and tear of property arising out of its use or employment in the business, not to exceed, in the case of mines, 5 per cent of the gross value at the mine of the output for the year for which the computation is made, but no deduction shall be made for any amount of expense of restoring property or making good the exhaustion thereof, for which an allowance is or has been made..... | |
| 7-Total "General Deductions" (to be entered on Line 2 of First Page)..... | |

Affidavit to be executed by individual making his own return.
I solemnly swear (or affirm) that the foregoing return, to the best of my knowledge and belief, contains a true and complete statement of all gains, profits and income received by or accrued to me during the year for which the return is made, and that I am entitled to all the deductions and exemptions entered or claimed therein, under the Federal Income Tax Law of October 3, 1913.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this day of, 191.....

(Seal of officer taking affidavit.) (Signature of individual.)
(Official capacity.)

Affidavit to be executed by duly authorized agent making return for individual.
I solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have sufficient knowledge of the affairs and property of to enable me to make a full and complete return thereof, and that the foregoing return, to the best of my knowledge and belief, contains a true and complete statement of all gains, profits and income received by or accrued to said individual during the year for which the return is made, and that the said individual is entitled, under the Federal income tax law of Oct. 3, 1913, to all the deductions and exemptions entered or claimed therein.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this day of, 191.....

(Seal of officer taking affidavit.) (Signature of Agent.)
(Official Capacity.)

(Address in full)

(See Instructions on back of this page.)

LAXA-PIRIN
COLD TABLETS
If You Are All In, Down and Out
Try the LAXATIVE ASPIRIN Cold Remedy

out tired feeling and give you an inspiration to get up and go. Do not cause Sick Stomach, Ringing or Roaring in the head like Quinine does. But eradicates your COLD, LA GRIPPE or HEADACHE with perfect ease. CONTAINS NO QUININE but ASPIRIN instead. Prescribed by 90% of the physicians. Positively Guaranteed. At all first-class Drug Stores. Accept no substitute. Price 25c

UNITED STATES NOT AFFECTED

Huerta's Default on Interest Payment Hits Foreigners.

OFFICIALS SIZE UP SITUATION

Passing of Interest Can Not Be Held as an Indication of the Early Downfall of the Huerta Regime, Which Has the Increasing Customs Receipts to Apply to Internal Necessities—Forcible Collection Impossible

Washington, Jan. 14. — Secretary Bryan had no comment to make on President Huerta's announcement that the semi-annual interest payment on the external debt of Mexico would not be possible. Well informed officials here see no reason why the default on these payments should affect the situation, so far as the United States is concerned. Most of the government securities of Mexico are held in Europe, chiefly in France, Great Britain and Germany. American holdings are confined largely to the National railways.

It is not believed here that the passing of the interest payment can be taken to mean that the collapse of the Huerta government is necessarily at hand. The chief sufferers as a result of these defaults have been the creditors. According to the most recent figures, the customs receipts at the ports held by Huerta are increasing, and it is assumed that Huerta intends to spend this money on the pay of his army and other internal necessities at the expense of the foreign creditors.

There is no likelihood at present of the default on the Mexican debt raising any complications between the United States and those governments whose nationals hold the bulk of Mexico's securities. The European governments are obviously not in a position to undertake to collect their dues by force, under the present condition of affairs, as to attempt to do so would involve armed intervention in Mexico. It is also held that as already so many lives have been lost and such large property and financial losses suffered, that the loss of the interest due on the bonded debt does not matter much in the sum total of the situation.

It is not considered advisable to keep them so close to the scene of hostilities.

Four companies of the Twentieth Infantry will guard the prisoners into El Paso on the train and after they are encamped at Fort Bliss. The cavalry troops under Major McNamee, at Presidio, will escort the refugees overland to Marfa from Presidio.

A Difference in Working Hours.
A man's working day is 8 hours. His body organs must work perfectly 24 hours to keep him fit for 8 hours work. Weak, sore, inactive kidneys can not do it. They must be sound and healthily active all the time. Foley Kidney Pills will make them so. You cannot take them into your system without good results following. Blackmer & Tanquary. Adv.

Try Mrs. Austin's Bag Pancake, sure to please you, all grocers

Every Shirt

we send out is put in a sanitary envelope. They stay clean longer. Do not muss when put away. Our service is better in every way.

Rothrock Laundry
Family Wash 6c Pound
Quality First

For Plumbing, Gas Fitting and Pump Repairing
CALL ON
J. S. GREEN, 21 S. Fayette Street
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MONEY TO LOAN
At all times, in any amount.
FRANK M. FULLERTON

ELMER A. KLEVER FUNERAL DIRECTOR
Bell Phones: Res. 294-2; Office 294-R 1.
Citiz. phones: Res. 161; Office, 180.

C. H. MURRAY Undertaking Company
223 E. Court St., Washington C. H.
Office—Both Phones 65.
Residence Phone—Bell 66; Home 2 on 55.

VULCANIZING
Tires repaired. It will pay you to let me repair your auto tires during winter months, when due attention can be given. Satisfaction guaranteed.
O. F. STURGEON, Court St. Both Phones

WILL TRANSPORT THE REFUGEES

El Paso, Tex., Jan. 14.—Ten trains will be necessary to transport the Mexican federal soldiers and other refugees now held prisoners at Presidio, Tex., to this city. The trains were ordered by the government from the Southern Pacific railroad, to be sent to Marfa, Tex., to meet the refugees when they reach there from Presidio. The refugees will first be interned at Fort Bliss here, but unless there is a change in present plans they will eventually be sent to Fort Rosecrans, Cal., near San Diego, and held in camp. The government has a large supply of tents and other accommodations at the latter place.

SEE US AND SEE BEST

Optometrist **A. CLARK GOSSARD** Optician

Start the New Year in Right

By Sending Your Laundry To Us
BEST WORK IN THE CITY
Family Washing 6c Pound

LARRIMER LAUNDRY CO.
PLANT SANITARY
Phones: Bell 156R Citiz. 521 **DAN F. MARK, Mgr.**

YOUTH LOCKED UP FOR BOOTLEGGING

Young Man Alleged to Have Sold One Bottle Too Many and Falls Into Trap With "The Goods" Upon Him—Faces Mayor Coffey This Afternoon—Revealed Hiding Place of His Wet Supply—Pays Fine of \$75 and Costs.

"Caught with the goods" and locked up on a charge of bootlegging was the trouble Leroy Cox suddenly found himself in about nine o'clock Tuesday night, just after he had disposed of some whiskey to a companion, it is alleged.

Cox, who is a mere boy, some 18 or 19 years of age, and who has always been held in good repute by local citizens, was arrested at the foot of the stairway in the Pavey building, and is said to have broken down and admitted his guilt, although Wednesday morning he had little to say about the affair.

After his arrest Cox revealed the hiding place of his source of supply, stating that it was in a coal room used by Hillery brothers in the McLean building on Court street, and investigation revealed several full bottles and a quantity of wrappers, indicating that the youth had been doing a good business.

In all seven pint bottles of whiskey belonging to the lad, were unearthed by the police, Cox having part of it upon his person when taken into custody by the officers, and his companion, "Rabbit" Smith, had two bottles which he had just purchased from the lad it is claimed.

Young Cox was greatly broken up over the affair, and pleaded for leniency. When arrested he had \$51 in his pockets. He also had a key to the Hillery coal room it is claimed, and had been using the room for storing certain personal property not of a breakable character.

He was taken before Mayor Coffey Wednesday morning, and his case continued over until two o'clock Wednesday afternoon, when he appeared before Mayor Coffey, represented by Attorney Frank A. Chaffin.

When he faced Mayor Coffey Wednesday afternoon Cox made no attempt at defense, but entered a plea of guilty and was fined \$75 and the costs, which he paid and was released from custody.

LEO BRANDON GETS NEW TRIAL

The Court of Appeals has granted a new trial to Leo Brandon, the colored youth, who was found guilty of entering the home of Mrs. Carrie Deere last May, and who was sentenced to the State Reformatory.

The sentence has been suspended for the time being, and the date of Brandon's hearing will occur sometime in the near future, it is claimed.

PRESBYTERIANS OF WASHINGTON C. H.

This is the time of action. Every church member in Washington C. H., is expected to do his duty. We kindly urge that every member of the Presbyterian church attend their church this week.

May we depend upon you?

Session.

NOTICE.

Know all men that The People's and Drivers' bank, a co-partnership, doing business under the name of The People's and Drivers' Bank of Washington C. H., Ohio, unincorporated, with a principal place of business at Washington C. H., Ohio, has applied on the 12th day of January, 1914, to the Superintendent of Banks of Ohio, as "Commissioner" for a license to deal in securities, under an act entitled, "An act to regulate the sale of bonds, stocks and other securities, and of real estate not located in Ohio, and to prevent fraud in such sales," passed April 28, 1913.

NOTICE.

Know all men that W. R. Dalbey, G. H. Hitchcock and L. E. Garringer, a co-partnership, doing business under the name of Dalbey, Hitchcock and Garringer, with a principal place of business at Washington C. H., O., have applied on the 7th day of January, 1914, to the Superintendent of Banks of Ohio as "Commissioner" for a license, to deal in securities, under an act entitled, "An act to regulate the sale of bonds, stocks and other securities, and of real estate not located in Ohio, and to prevent fraud in such sales," passed April 28, 1913.

JAPAN TAKING TOLL SAKURA-JIMA SUBSIDING

Hundreds of Quakes.

Hundreds of earthquake shocks were felt all through the islands. Railroads, telegraph lines and telephone lines were destroyed.

After having been dormant for 130 years the volcano, without warning, burst into activity and poured destruction on the villages on its slopes and base.

The eruption began in the forenoon last Sunday, according to the story of one of the survivors who managed to escape from Kagoshima. Many of the islanders hastened to the mainland, a couple of miles away, abandoning their homes in terror, but by far the greater number had no time to escape.

The whole mountain seemed to split. New craters opened up in a score of places and lava and blazing ashes came down the slopes, firing everything in their path, until the entire island was a mass of flames. The inhabitants of the western slope of the mountain were most affected by the first explosions. The survivors ran to the beach in a frenzy as the flames swept down the mountain side to their village. The people flocked to the beach opposite Kagoshima. There were no boats to take them to the mainland. The police of Kagoshima appropriated all the available craft in the harbor there, and hastened to lend aid to the stricken islanders.

Thousands Drop In Streets.

Thousands, it is certain, dropped in the streets of Kagoshima, overcome by heat and fright and foul gases, to be quickly covered by the fall of ashes and incandescent rocks.

One telegraph operator who sat at his key called for help. He sent out the last word from Kagoshima: "I am the last person living," and that was the last thing he said.

As the boats sped to the island the heat was intense and the flames advanced to the beach so rapidly that hundreds of persons were doomed before the rescuers could reach the island. The burning lava overtook them before the eyes of the men hastening to give them aid. Many were saved, however, and taken to Kagoshima.

The first earthquake came early Saturday morning. It was followed quickly by others. Some of them were violent, but lots were slight tremblings that did not seem to augur such a destructive sequence. Those who kept track of these quakes say there were 150 of them before Kagoshima blew up. A few hundred of the especially timid left the island for Kagoshima on Saturday and Sunday.

Mountain Top Blown Off.

It was 7 o'clock Sunday evening when the entire top of the mountain was literally blown off with a terrific explosion. Smoke, fire, huge rocks and lava shot into the air and spread over the sky as a vast canopy. Wide streams of the sizzling lava swept down the mountain sides in all directions, destroying everything before them.

So tremendous was the force of the eruption that boulders weighing several tons were hurled not only three miles across the bay into Kagoshima but nine miles farther inland, where they dropped into the forests. Their heat was so intense that fires were started, and before long the thousands fleeing from Kagoshima found themselves hemmed in by burning forests.

There was a terrible panic on the island of Sakura. Men and women fought to get into the few boats left after the heavy flight of the day. Just how many persons managed to leave the island after the eruption started is unknown. A good many of these boats were capsized and sunk, carried to the bottom by falling red-hot missiles. Others were upset by crowds scrambling to get into them.

After the volcano had been in eruption but a few hours the entire island was practically devastated. What parts of it were not submerged beneath molten lava were covered by thickly packed ashes that, driven by a strong wind, were drifted at points to a depth of 20 feet.

Reports from other sources say that a tidal wave swept over the city and all in its path perished. Ashes from the volcano fell into the city of Nagasaki, 100 miles away.

BIRDS FIND HOMES THROUGHOUT COUNTY

Every one of the 60 pairs of Hungarian partridges, recently received by the local Fish and Game organization, have been placed upon farms throughout the county where they will be jealously guarded by the farm owners so that the unscrupulous hunter will not slaughter them.

Farmers were eager to have the birds on their estates, and pledged protection to them. By next fall it is expected that the 60 pairs will have increased in numbers until there are between 600 and 1000 of the birds in the county, and next year, if none of the birds are killed, the number is expected to reach 8000 to 15,000.

Some people are so honest that they can't even find fault without wanting to return it.

MURDERED MAN FOUND IN HOME

By Associated Press.

Youngstown, Ohio, January 14.—During the process of a fire early today firemen broken open a door which had been securely padlocked and found the body of a man apparently foreign born lying on a bed with his skull battered in. An axe was lying nearby. From the condition of the body, the murder must have been committed several weeks ago.

NEAT PACKAGE

By Associated Press.

Pittsburg, Pa., January 14.—It became known today that a package containing \$13,000 was stolen from the office of the U. S. Express company at Connellsville, Pa., last Monday night. The money had been sent by a Pittsburg bank to a bank at Connellsville. Express company detectives are looking for Ralph Wyant, night clerk of the express office at Connellsville. It is said he has not been seen since Monday night when he reported for duty.

OUTLAW DEFIES SHERIFF'S POSSE

By Associated Press.

Maysville, N. Y., January 14.—Edward Beardsley, of Summerdale, barricaded in his farm house and heavily armed today, successfully defied the efforts of Sheriff Anderson and a posse of 20 men to dislodge him. Beardsley is wanted for the shooting of J. W. Putnam, county overseer of the poor, who went to Beardsley's home yesterday on an errand of mercy and was shot twice. His condition is critical.

RAILWAYS QUIT IN PORTUGAL

By Associated Press.

Lisbon, Portugal, January 14.—entire railroad service of Portugal was suspended today owing to the declaration of a general strike by the employees. About one-third of the railroads belong to the state.

KEEP 'EM, THEN

By Associated Press.

Washington, D. C., January 14.—To grant the request of General Blanquet, Mexican Minister of War for the return to Mexico of General Mercado and the Federal troops who crossed to Texas from Ojinaga, officials pointed out today would violate the neutrality laws.

GOOD HOPE BANK HOLDS ELECTION

Wednesday afternoon the annual election of officers of the Farmers' bank of Good Hope was held, the same board of directors being chosen as last year.

The reorganization was the same as last year, being as follows: President, E. D. King; 1st vice-president, Isaac Corey; 2nd vice-president, S. B. Hoppes; secretary and treasurer, William Thomas Steers. Directors, R. J. Holdren, S. E. Boggs, H. D. Johnson, H. C. Smalley, Geo. T. Moore.

EQUAL TO OCCASIONS.

A Man of Quick Wit and Prompt Action Was Lord Whitworth.

Lord Whitworth, who held various posts of honor in English diplomatic circles, was a kindly, gracious gentleman as well as a wit and a man of the world. He had indeed almost measured swords with Napoleon at the Tuilleries when that despot rallied at England for not having evacuated Egypt and Malta, accused her of having violated treaties and ended by flourishing a cane dangerously near the face of the English ambassador.

Lord Whitworth put his hand on the hilt of his sword.

"What would you have done if the emperor had struck you?" he was afterwards asked.

"I would have felled him to the ground," was the quiet answer.

Perhaps the best story told of him is one showing how his quick wit disposed of a rival. When he was at the Russian court, Fox sent there as a sort of ambassador of his own a man named Adair, the son of a surgeon.

One day the empress, speaking in French, said to Lord Whitworth: "Is he a very important man, this M. Adair?"

"Not so very, madame," replied Lord Whitworth. "although his father was a grand surgeon," a remark which readers of French will recognize as a very good pun, for the word used by Lord Whitworth means "blood letter," while by its sound it also meant a great lord.

—London Standard

HEROISM AS A BOY FREES LIFE CONVICT

Friend Whose Life Was Twice Saved Pays Debt.

Bloomington, Ill.—After serving ten years for murder Herbert C. Gallegher of Chenoa, this county, is a free man.

Gallegher is the only son of Dr. and Mrs. Gallegher. He left that place sixteen years ago and in Minnesota worked on a railroad.

One day, while on the road, his wife was insulted by a negro. Upon his return, aroused by the sneering manner of the negro, he shot him dead.

Gallegher was arrested and charged with murder. He made a strong plea of self defense, but was sentenced to the prison at Stillwater, Minn., for life.

The sentence was a shock to his family and friends. His parents, wife and friends have always accepted the plea of self defense and believed that he did what any other self respecting man would have done.

Among those active in his behalf was W. B. Clooney, passenger agent for the Chicago and Alton in Bloomington. The two had been playmates together. Gallegher twice saved the life of Clooney.

When the case reached the board, comprising the governor, attorney general and chief justice of Minnesota, they unanimously voted to release Gallegher. He was granted an unconditional pardon.

FAYETTE LODGE NO.

107, F. & A. M.

Special communication Saturday, January 17th, at 7:30 p. m. Work E. A. First work in the new Masonic Temple. Brethren of regularly constituted lodges cordially invited.

ERNEST E. ELLIS, W. M. JOHN N. McFADDEN, Secy.

R. B. HAYES POST.

Attention R. B. Hayes Post, G. A. R. On account of religious campaign now in progress in our city churches there will be no meeting Friday evening, January 16, but Rev. Bobbit will hold special song service Friday at 2:30 p. m. in Memorial hall. All comrades and the public generally are cordially invited to attend. Come out, make this a grand rally. There is plenty of room. We want to see the hall filled as it never was filled before.

GEORGE F. ROBINSON, P. C. R. H. HARROP.

A New York girl who married at the age of 15 because all her friends were dodging it, is now seeking a divorce. Same reason as before perhaps.

There is one point in favor of Dictator Huerta. He doesn't claim that he has three etaoin (Itounnetaoin) he takes his three quarts of champagne a day on a "doctor's prescription."

LADIES! MEN! A FOUL BREATH! UGH!

You know just how offensive a bad breath, and it's so needless to have it. It comes from food staying too long your stomach, fermenting, rotting and poisoning your whole system. Get rid of it today!



Get Rid of Your Bad Breath. Take "THREE-P" Capsules.

A 25c package of Samuel's "THREE-P" capsules, the surest, quickest indigestion cure known, will prove to you how needless is your sour, gassy, upset, dyspeptic stomach, causing bad breath.

It's just the best "stomach doctor," and the joy of "THREE-P" is, you need not hesitate to use it. Contains nothing that can harm the most delicate stomach. It's a prescription after the noted French physician, Dr. Robin's formula. Your doctor will prescribe these ingredients freely, knowing their great stomach-straightening and system-building-up properties.

Don't suffer the mortification and distress of a weak, out-of-order, dyspeptic stomach another day. All live druggists have "THREE-P." 25c and 50c, or sent direct on receipt of price, by The Samuel

Chemical Co., Cincinnati, Ohio. Guaranteed by Christopher.

adv

S.S. Cockerill & Son

Groceries

Queensware

Fresh Vegetables

Head Lettuce... 12½c head Leaf Lettuce... 22c lb
Kale... 10c pound Spinach... 12½c lb
Beets... 2 bunches for 15c Radishes... 5c bunch
Onions... 5c bunch Hothouse Tomatoes 30c lb
Parsley... 5c bunch Pascal Celery... 10c bunch
California Celery... 10c and 12½c stalk

Jersey Sweet Potatoes... 4c pound
Turnips, Parsnips and Carrots... 3c pound
Cabbage... 4c pound
Pop Corn... 10c pound; 3 pounds 25c
New Cocoanuts... 10c

New Herring

5-pound pails... 60c
15-pound pails... \$1.20
25-pound pails... \$1.75
From the barrel... 3 for 5c
Mackerel... 10c and 20c

Old-Fashioned Buckwheat... 5c pound
Self-Raising and Pancake Flour 10c package

Fresh Shipment Fancy Cakes

Received This Morning

CHOCOLATE DROPS, NUT FINGERS
VANILLA WAFERS, DATE WAFERS,
MARSHMALLOW WALNUTS all... 25c lb
CHEESE TIDBITS 5c glass

Fancy Bars of Chocolate 5c each

Nut Nobs, Porous Bars, Walnut Bars, Cherry Loaf

Specials For This Week

Rayo Lamps, Complete... \$1.40
Rayo Lanterns, complete... 85c
Fancy Carolina Head Rice... 2 pounds for 15c
Hershey's Milk and Almond Chocolate 3 bars 10c

CIGARS Including all the well known brands 8 for 25c

CLASSIFIED

FOR SALE—227 acres 3 miles from Hillsboro; fair house and good barn, 60 acres bottom. A hog and corn farm. Price \$15,000. Wade Turner, Hillsboro, Ohio. 4 12t

WANTED—Any man or woman can take orders for our time and labor-saving household articles. Good money. Easy work. Exclusive territory. Write The Alpha Sales Co., 372 Rockefeller Bldg., Cleveland, O.

WANTED—A dishwasher. Apply to O. L. Blackmore, Star Restaurant.

Markets

Close of Markets Today

By Associated Press.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.
Chicago, January 14.—Hogs—Receipts 30,000; market slow; light Yorkers \$7.95@8.20; heavy Yorkers \$8@8.35; pigs \$6.90@9.
Cattle—Receipts 17,000; market steady; beefs \$6.70@9.40; Texas steers \$6.85@8; stockers and feeders \$5@7.85; cows and heifers \$3.40@8.40; calves \$7.50@11.50.
Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 24,000; sheep, natives \$4.85@6.05; lambs, natives \$6.75@8.25.
Pittsburg, January 14.—Hogs—Receipts 41,000; all grades \$8.65.
Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 1000; top sheep \$6; top lambs \$8.10.
Calves—Receipts 200; top \$12.50.

GRAIN MARKET.
Chicago, January 14.—Wheat—May 93; July 88½.
Corn—May 66½; July 66½.
Oats—May 40½; July 39½.
Pork—\$21.47½@21.62½.
Lard—\$11.05½@11.32½.

THE LOCAL MARKET.

Corrected Daily at Noon.
Wheat No. 2... 32c
White corn... 36c

Yellow corn... 54c
Oats... 40c
Hay No. 1 timothy... \$12.00
Hay No. 2 timothy... \$10.50
Hay No. 1 clover... \$12.00
Hay No. 1 mixed... \$12.00
Straw, dry, per ton... \$5.75
Straw damp, per ton, not quoted.

Prices Paid for Produce.
Chickens, young, per lb... 12c
Eggs, per dozen... 30c
Butter... 25c
Potatoes, per bushel... 30c
Lard, per lb... 11c

Close of Markets Yesterday

(By Associated Press.)

CHICAGO.—Beef, \$6 65@9 40; Texas steers, \$6 85@8 00; stockers and feeders, \$5 00@7 40; cows and heifers, \$3 40@8 30; calves, \$7 50@11 25.

Hogs—Light, \$8 15@8 25; mixed, \$8 20@8 30; heavy, \$8 00@8 35; rough, \$8 00@8 10; pigs, \$6 75@6 90.
Sheep and Lambs—Native sheep \$4 85@6 05; yearlings, \$5 90@7 50; native lambs, \$6 75@8 25.
Wheat—No. 2 red 96½@96¾; Corn—No. 2, 60@63c; Oats—No. 2 white, 40½@40¾.

CLEVELAND.—Cattle—Choice fat steers, \$7 75@8 00; fair steers, \$7 50@7 75; choice heifers, \$7 00@7 25; butcher bulls, \$6 50@6 75; fat cows, \$5 50@6 25; milchers and springers, \$5 00@6 75; calves, \$11 50@12 00.
Hogs—Heavy mediums, Yorkers, light Yorkers and pigs, \$8 40; roughs, \$7 50; stags, \$7 00.
Receipts—Cattle, 200; hogs, 6,000; sheep and lambs, 1,200; calves, 150.

PITTSBURGH.—Cattle—Heavy steers, \$8 50@8 75; fat steers, \$8 40@8 60; heifers, \$7 40@7 75; cows, \$4 50@6 75; butcher bulls, \$7 00@7 50; milch cows, \$4 00@6 00; calves, \$12 50.
Hogs—Heavy, \$8 45@8 50; Yorkers, \$8 50@8 55; pigs, \$8 25@8 50.
Sheep and Lambs—Top sheep, \$6 00; top lambs, \$8 25.
Receipts—Cattle, light; hogs, 5,000; sheep and lambs, 1,500; calves 100.

CINCINNATI.—Cattle—Steers \$5 75@8 25; cows, \$3 00@6 50; heifers, \$5 00@7 75; calves, \$5 50@11 00.
Hogs—Packers, \$8 25@8 35; pigs and lights, \$6 00@8 20; stags, \$4 25@7 00.
Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, \$2 75@4 75; lambs, \$6 00@8 25.
Wheat—No. 2 red, 96½@1 01; Corn—No. 3 white 70½@71c; Oats—No. 2 mixed 40½@41c; Rye—No. 2 64@65c.
Receipts—Cattle, 270; hogs, 2,900; sheep and lambs, 157.

BOSTON.—Wool—Ohio and Pennsylvania; Delaine washed, 25@27c; half-blood combing, 23@25½c; delaine unwashed, 22@23½c; and unwashed 20@21c.
TOLEDO.—Wheat, 95½c; corn, 64½c; oats, 40½c; cloverseed, \$8 90.